

*Sub**ORIGINAL*

The Gazette



of India

12.3.58

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 35] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1958/ĀṢVINA 19, 1880

NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published upto the 29th September 1958 :—

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
144	G.S.R. 856, dated 27th September, 1958.	Ministry of Finance (Deptt. of Revenue).	Exemption of goods specified therein from certain duty of customs.
145	G.S.R. 857, dated 28th September, 1958.	Do.	Fixation of rates of duty on tea.
	G.S.R. 858, dated 28th September, 1958.	Do.	Amendment in the Central Excise Rules, 1944.
	G.S.R. 859, dated 28th September, 1958.	Do.	Amendment in the Ministry of Finance (Rev. Div.) Notification No. 10—Central Excise, dated 5th April, 1949.
	G.S.R. 860, dated 28th September, 1958.	Do.	Amendment in the Ministry of Finance (Revenue Division) Notification No. 45—Central Excise, dated 1st November, 1954.
	G.S.R. 861, dated 28th September, 1958.	Do.	Amendment in the Central Excise Rules, 1944.
	G.S.R. 862, dated 28th September, 1958.	Do.	Rescinding the Notification of the Ministry of Finance, G. S. R. No. 435, dated 1st June, 1958.
	G.S.R. 863, dated 28th September, 1958.	Do.	Fixation of rate of duty of customs leviable on tea.
	G.S.R. 864, dated 28th September, 1958.	Do.	Exemption of tea from duty of customs leviable under Indian Tariff Act, 1934.

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
146	G.S.R. 865, dated 29th September, 1958.	Ministry of Finance (Deptt. of Economic Affairs)	Grant of recognition to the Hyderabad Stock Exchange Ltd., in respect of contracts in Securities subject to conditions specified therein,
	G.S.R. 866, dated 29th September, 1958.	Do.	Declaration that Sec. 13 of the Securities Contracts Act, 1956 shall apply to the limits of Municipal Corporations of Hyderabad and Secunderabad.
	G.S.R. 867, dated 29th September, 1958.	Do.	Appointment of date on which Sec. 19 of the Securities Contracts Act, 1956 shall come into force in the limits of Municipal Corporations of Hyderabad and Secunderabad.
	G.S.R. 868, dated 29th September, 1958.	Do.	Specification of date on which the Hyderabad Securities Contracts Regulation Act, 1353 Fasli, shall stand repealed.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of these Gazettes.

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (i)

General Statutory Rules (including orders, bye-laws etc. of a general character) issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and by Central Authorities (other than the Administrations of Union Territories).

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 29th September 1958

G.S.R. 902.—In pursuance of sub-rule (1) of rule 3 of the Indian Administrative Service (Cadre) Rules, 1954 the Central Government, in consultation with the Government of Jammu and Kashmir, hereby constitutes for the State of Jammu and Kashmir an Indian Administrative Service Cadre with effect from the 4th September, 1958.

[No. 5/25/58-AIS(IL)]

New Delhi, the 30th September 1958

G.S.R. 903.—In pursuance of sub-rule (1) of rule 9 of the Indian Police Service (Recruitment) Rules, 1954, the Central Government, in consultation with the Government of Kerala and the Union Public Service Commission, hereby makes the following amendment in the Indian Police Service (Appointment by Promotion) Regulations, 1955.

Amendment

In the Schedule to the said Regulations, for the entries in column 3 against "Kerala" in column 2, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

- "(1) Chief Secretary to the Government of Kerala.
- (2) Secretary to the Government of Kerala in the Home Department.
- (3) Inspector General of Police."

[No. 13/35/58-AIS(III).]

CORRIGENDUM

New Delhi, the 30th September 1958

G.S.R. 904.—In the Ministry of Home Affairs' Notification No. 1/4/55-AIS(III), dated the 18th August, 1958, regarding the All India Services (Death-cum-Retirement Benefits) Rules, 1958, published at pages 337 to 360 of sub-section (i) of Section 3 of Part II of the Gazette of India, Extraordinary dated the 20th August, 1958, the following corrections shall be made, namely:—

1. p. 337 in clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 1—
 - (i) insert 'of sub-rule (1) of rule 3' after '(b) and (c)' occurring in the beginning of the second line of sub-clause (i);
 - (ii) insert 'of sub-rule (1)' after 'clause (a)' occurring in the fourth line of sub-clause (i);
 - (iii) insert 'or were appointed to the Service' after 'State Services' occurring in the beginning of the second line of sub-clause (iii).
2. p. 345 in sub-rule (2) of rule 19—
 - (i) insert 'of clause (a)' after 'items (i), (ii) and (iii)' occurring in clause (i);
 - (ii) insert 'of clause (a)' after 'items (iv), (v) and (vi)' occurring in clause (ii).
3. p. 348 in rule 22—
 - (i) for 'Schedule A' occurring in the fourth line of sub-rule (7), read "Schedule H";
 - (ii) for 'person' occurring in the first line of clause (a) of sub-rule (8), read 'pension'.
4. p. 349 in clause (iv) of the Note under sub-rule (4) of rule 23, for 'clauses (a), (b) and (c)' occurring in the first line, read 'clauses (i), (ii) and (iii)'.
5. p. 351 in clause (v) of rule 24, for 'communication' occurring in the sixth line, read "commutation".
6. p. 353 in Schedule A, delete the words 'gratuity or' occurring in the heading common to columns 3 and 4.
7. p. 355 in the 'Note' in item (b) of Schedule C, for the word 'substi-' occurring at the end of the first line, read "add the".
8. p. 356 in Schedule E, delete the asterisk against the word 'payable' in column 4.
9. p. 358 in Schedule G, for 'admissible' occurring in the fourth line, read "admissible".
10. p. 359 in Schedule H, for 'whcather' occurring in column 4, read "whether".
11. p. 360 in Schedule J, for 'superanuuation' occurring in the beginning of item (iii) in column 1, read "superannuation".

[No. 1/4/55-AIS(III)]

S. P. MUKERJEE, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 6th October 1958 }

G.S.R. 905.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Indian Passport Act, 1920 (34 of 1920), the Central Government hereby makes the following the recruitment to the Indian Defence Accounts Service, namely:—

In sub-rule (1) of rule 4 of the said Rules, after clause (b), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:—

- “(c) persons domiciled in India, proceeding from any Portuguese Establishment in India;
- (d) persons domiciled in any Portuguese Establishment in India, other than persons in the service of the Government of any such Establishment or a member of the family of any such person, proceeding from any such Establishment;”.

[No. 4/1/58-F.I.]

FATEH SINGH, Jt. Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE (DEFENCE)

New Delhi, the 30th September 1958

G.S.R. 906.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules regulating the recruitment to the Indian Defence Accounts Service, namely.

PART I

General

1. These Rules may be called the Indian Defence Accounts Service (Recruitment) Rules.

2. For the purpose of these Rules—

- (a) “Government” means the Government of India;
- (b) “The Commission” means the Union Public Service Commission.
- (c) “The Service” means the Indian Defence Accounts Service.
- (d) The various grades of posts included in the Service, the pay scales attached to them, their classification and the special conditions of service attaching to them shall be as indicated in Appendix I of these Rules.
- (e) “Scheduled Castes” mean castes, communities, races, sects etc. notified as such by the President of India.
- (f) “Scheduled Tribes” mean castes, communities, races, sects etc. notified as such by the President of India.

3. The Service shall be recruited by the following methods:—

(i) By competitive examinations held in India in accordance with Part II of these Rules.

(ii) By promotion in accordance with Part III of these Rules.

4. 75 per cent. of the vacancies in the Service will be filled by competitive examination *vide* Part II of the Rules and 25 per cent. will be reserved for promotion *vide* Part III of the Rules.

5. Subject to the provisions of Rules 3 and 4, Government shall determine in consultation with the Commission the method or methods to be employed for the purpose of filling any particular vacancies, or such vacancies as may require to be filled during any particular period and the number of candidates to be recruited by each method.

6. Appointments to the Service made otherwise than by promotion will be subject to the orders issued from time to time by the Ministry of Home Affairs regarding special representation in the Services for specific sections of the people.

PART II

7. A competitive examination for admission to the Service shall be held in India at such times and places as Government may prescribe by notice issued in consultation with the Commission. Every such notice will announce the precise number of vacancies to be filled on the result of the examination and whenever it is not found practicable, indicate the approximate number of vacancies.

8. If the examination held under this part of these Rules is a combined examination for the purpose of making appointments to more than one Service or Department, the following provisions shall apply:—

- (i) Any person may apply to be admitted as a candidate for appointment to all or any of these Service or Departments for which he is eligible. If he wishes to compete for appointment to more than one Service or Department, he shall state in his application form which Services or Departments he wishes to compete for, and the order of his preference between them, and in such case only one application form will be necessary and one payment of the fees referred to in rule 18 (and Appendix IX) will be sufficient.
- (ii) Government will assign successful candidates to each Service or Department on a consideration of all circumstances, including any personal preference expressed by the candidate.

9. The maximum number of candidates to be admitted to any examination may, at the discretion of the Commission, be limited to such number but not less than 200, as the Commission may decide. If a limit is imposed and the number of candidates exceeds that limit, the Commission shall select from the applicants those who shall be admitted to the examination, and in doing so shall have regard to the suitability of the applicants and to the adequate representation of the Scheduled Castes and Tribes and of the States of India.

10. (i) A candidate must apply to be admitted to the examination before such date in such manner and in such form as the Commission may prescribe.

(ii) If a candidate is in permanent or temporary service of the Government of India or a State Government, he shall apply to the Commission for admission to the examination through the Head of the Department, who shall forward the application with appropriate recommendation, unless the application is withheld for adequate reasons, in which case the applicant shall be informed of such reasons.

(iii) If a candidate is not in Government service he shall apply to the Commission direct.

(iv) No candidate may make more than one application in respect of any one occasion on which an examination is held.

*NOTE.—The submission of an application by persons in Government service is further governed by the Government Servants' Application for posts (*Central Services/*) Rules published with the Government of India, Home Department Notification No. F. 189/43/E-1 dated the 8th December, 1943.

Railway Department (Railway Bd.) No. E. 34-R. E. I. dated the 22nd January, 1945, as amended from time to time, and the corresponding rules made by the State Governments.

11. A candidate must be either:—

- (i) a Citizen of India; or
- (ii) a Subject of Sikkim; or
- (iii) a person who has migrated from areas which now form Pakistan, with the intention of permanently settling down in India; or
- (iv) a subject of Nepal or of a Portuguese or a former French Possession in India.

NOTE.—1. The appointment of a candidate falling in category (iii) or (iv) above will be subject to the issue of a certificate of eligibility in his favour by the Government of India. Certificates of eligibility will not however be necessary in the case of candidates belonging to any of the following categories.

- (a) Persons who migrated to India from Pakistan before 19th July 1948 and have ordinarily been resident in India since then.

- (b) Persons who migrated to India from Pakistan after 18th July 1948 but before 30th September 1948 and got themselves registered as citizens within the time allowed.
- (c) Non-citizens who entered service under the Government of India before the commencement of the Constitution, viz-26th January, 1950, and who have continued in such service since then. Any such persons who re-entered, or may re-enter such service with a break, after the 26th January, 1950, will however require certificates of eligibility in the usual way.

NOTE.—2. A candidate in whose case a certificate of eligibility is necessary may be admitted to the examination and he may also be provisionally appointed subject to the necessary certificate being eventually issued in his favour by Government.

12. No candidate who has more than one wife living shall be eligible for appointment to this Service unless the Government of India, after being satisfied that there are special grounds for doing so, exempt any candidate from the operation of this rule.

13. A candidate must have attained the age of 21 and must not have attained the age of 24 on the date prescribed for this purpose in the notice issued by the Commission under rule 7.

Provided that a candidate who is over the age of 24 and under the age of 27 on that date may be admitted to the examination if he holds substantively a permanent post under the Central/State Government, or has been in continuous service for a period of not less than two years on the prescribed date in the Defence Accounts Department, if he is recommended by the Controller General of Defence Accounts, where he is not so recommended, reason for with-holding an application should be communicated to the candidate. No Government servant will be admitted to the examination if he has already appeared at two previous examinations under the age concession applicable to such candidates.

NOTE.—(1) The upper age limit will be relaxable upto a maximum of five years if a candidate belongs to a scheduled caste or a scheduled tribe.

(2) Candidates who are *bona fide* displaced persons from Pakistan will be allowed the age concessions, if any, which Government may sanction from time to time (*vide* Appendix V). Save as provided above, the age limits prescribed can in no case be relaxed.

14. A candidate must satisfy the Commission that his character is such as to make him suitable for appointment to the Service.

15. A candidate must be a graduate of one of the Universities enumerated in Appendix II.

Provided that in exceptional cases the Commission may, on the recommendation of the Central Government or a State Government, treat as a qualified candidate, a candidate, who though he has not all or any of the qualifications prescribed in this rule, has passed examinations conducted by other institutions of a standard which in the opinion of the Commission justifies his admission to the examination.

NOTE.—Candidates who are otherwise qualified but who have taken degrees from foreign universities which are not included in Appendix II, may apply direct to the Commission and may be admitted to the examination at the discretion of the Commission.

16. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission.

The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final.

17. No recommendations except those invited in the form of application shall be taken into consideration. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to obtain support for his candidature by other means may disqualify him for admission.

18. Candidates must pay such examination fees as Government may prescribe (*see* Appendix IV). No claim for a refund of any of these fees will ordinarily be entertained, nor can they be held in reserve for any other examination.

19. Examinations under these Rules shall be conducted by the Commission in the manner prescribed in the regulations which form Appendix III to these Rules.

20. (i) After every examination the Commission shall make a list of the candidates in order of their merit as disclosed by the aggregate marks finally awarded to each candidate and in that order so many candidates upto the number of vacancies announced under rule 7 above, as are found by the Commission to be qualified by the examination and are considered by the Government to be appointing authority as the case may be to be suitable in all other respects, shall be appointed.

(ii) For the purposes of rule 6 of these Rules, appointment to vacancies to be filled by specific section of the people shall be made by Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, in the order of merit of the candidates belonging to the particular section or sections provided they have qualified in the examination and are in all respects suitable for employment in the Service.

21. A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health, and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the discharge of his duties as an officer of the Service. A candidate who (after such physical examination as Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, may prescribe) is found not to satisfy these requirements will not be appointed. Only candidates who are likely to be considered for appointment will be physically examined. As acceptance of an appointment in the Indian Defence Accounts Service carries with it a definite liability for service in any part of India, as well as for field service in or out of India, the report of the medical board should indicate's fitness or otherwise for field service.

*In order to prevent disappointment, candidates are advise to have themselves examined by a Government medical officer of the standing of a Civil Surgeon, before applying for admission to the examination. Particulars of the nature of the physical test to which candidates will be submitted before appointment and of the standards required can be had from the Commission.

22. Appointments shall be made on probation for a period of 2 years, provided that this period may be extended to three years if the officer on probation has not qualified for confirmation by passing the prescribed departmental examination. Repeated failure to pass the departmental examination within a period of 3 years from the date of appointment on probation will involve loss of appointment.

NOTE.—(a) A candidate who is already in permanent Government service and is selected for appointment in the Indian Defence Accounts Service on the results of the Competitive examination held by the Union Public Service Commission, will also be appointed as a probationer and the instructions for the training of probationers and rules for their Departmental Examinations will apply equally in his case.

(b) On the conclusion of his period of probation Government may confirm the officer in his appointment from the date of joining the service. If, however, during or at the end of the probationary period his work or conduct has in the opinion of Government been unsatisfactory, Government may either discharge him from the service or may extend his period of probation for such further period as Government may think fit, provided that before orders of discharge are passed, the probationer shall be apprised by the competent authorities of the grounds on which it is proposed to discharge him and give an opportunity to show cause against it.

(c) If no action is taken by Government under sub-rule (b) of this rule, the period after the prescribed period of probation shall be treated as an engagement from month to month, terminable on either side on the expiration of one calendar months notice in writing.

(d) If the power to make appointments in the Service/Deapartment is delegated by Government to any officer, that officer may exercise any of the powers of Government under this rule.

23. Candidates are informed that some knowledge of Hindi prior to entry into service would be of advantage in passing departmental examinations which candidates have to take after entry into service.

PART III

Recruitment by Promotion

24. Recruitment by promotion to the Service shall be made from among the members of the Subordinate Gazetted Service, by selection on merit with due regard to seniority on the recommendation of a Departmental Promotion Committee presided over by the Chairman or a Member of the Union Public Service Commission and composed of:—

(1) The Controller General of Defence Accounts.

(2) Command Controllers.

Any other Controller whose presence is considered necessary by the Controller General of Defence Accounts may attend to assist in the deliberations of the Committee.

Ordinarily those who have attained the age of 50 years, on the 1st January of the years to which the promotion relates, will not be considered for promotion.

Recruitment by promotion to the administrative posts in the Service shall likewise be made by selection on merit on the recommendation of a duly constituted Departmental Promotion Committee.

The recommendation of the Promotion Committee will be submitted to Government for approval, and concurrence of the Union Public Service Commission will also be obtained where the Union Public Service Commission (Consultation) Regulations require that the Commission should be consulted before making the final selection.

25. If the power to make appointments in the Service is delegated by Government to any officer, that officer may exercise any power of Government under this part of these rules.

APPENDIX I

Junior Scale:—Rs. 350—350—380—380—30—590—E.B.—30—770—40—850.

Senior Scale:—Rs. 600—40—1,000—1,000—1,050—1,050—1,100—1,100—1,150.

Junior Administrative Grade:—Rs. 1,300—60—1,600.

Command Controllers:—Rs. 1,800—100—2000.

Controller General: of Defence Accounts: Scale of pay not yet fixed.

NOTE.—Probationary officers will start on the minimum of the Junior scale and will count their service for increment from the date of joining.

APPENDIX II

List of Universities approved by the Government of India.

Indian Universities.

Any University incorporated by an Act of the Central or State Legislature in India.

University in Burma.—

The University of Rangoon.

English and Welsh Universities.—

The Universities of Birmingham, Bristol, Cambridge, Durham, Leeds, Liverpool, London, Manchester, Oxford, Reading, Sheffield and Wales.

Scottish Universities.—

The Universities of Aberdeen, Edinburgh, Glasgow and St. Andrews.

Irish Universities.—

The University of Dublin (Trinity College).

The National University of Dublin.

The Queen's University, Belfast.

Universities in Pakistan.—

The University of Punjab.

The Dacca University.

The University of Sind.

APPENDIX III

1. The following will be the subjects for examination:—

<i>Compulsory</i>	<i>Marks</i>
1. English Essay	150
2. General English	150
3. General Knowledge	150
<i>Optional</i>	
4. Pure Mathematics	200
5. Applied Mathematics	200
6. Chemistry	
7. Physics	200
8. Botany	200
9. Zoology	200
10. Geology	200
11. English Literature	200
12. Indian History	200
13. British History	200
14. World History	200
15. International Law	200
16. General Economics	200
17. Political Science	200
18. Law	200
19. Philosophy	200
20. Geography	200
21. One of the following:—	
Latin, French, Sanskrit, Arabic, Spanish, Russian	
Persian, German or Chinese	200
22. Statistics	200
23. Advanced Accountancy and Auditing	200
24. Mercantile Law	200
25. Applied Mechanics	200
26. Prime Movers	200

NOTE.—Candidates must select three and not more than three subjects from the above list.

2. Restrictions on the selection of optional subjects:—

- Of the History subjects 12, 13 and 14 not more than 2 can be offered.
- Of the Law subjects 15, 18 and 24 not more than two can be offered.
- Of the Mathematics, subjects 4, 5 and 22 not more than two can be offered.

3. The commission have discretion to fix qualifying marks in any or all of the subjects at the examination.

4. The Commission will summon all candidates (or at their discretion only those candidates who qualify at the written examination) for a viva voce test at which a maximum of 300 marks will be awarded.

5. From the marks assigned to candidates in each subject such deduction will be made as the Commission may consider necessary in order to ensure that no credit is allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

6. If a candidate's handwriting is not easily legible, a deduction will be made on this account from the total marks otherwise accruing to him.

7. Credit will be given for orderly, effective and exact writing with due economy of words in all subjects of the examination.

APPENDIX IV

Candidates must pay the following fees:—

To

The Union Public Service Commission:—

A consolidated application and examination fee of Rs. 82.50 nP. (Rs. 20.62 nP. in the case of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes) with the application. Only a Treasury Receipt for this amount or crossed Indian Postal Order payable to the Secretary, Union Public Service Commission, will be accepted. The Commission cannot accept the fee in cash or in cheques.

NOTE.—The Commission may, at their discretion, remit the prescribed application and examination fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a *bona fide* displaced person and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee.

B. To the Medical Board:—

Rs. 16/- before examination by a Medical Board in the case of candidates who are asked to appear before a Medical Board.

Candidates are required to pay their medical fee in cash to the Medical Board concerned at the time of their medical examination.

No claims for a refund of these fees will ordinarily be entertained, nor can they be held in reserve for any other examination or selection. A refund of Rs. 75/- (Rs. 18.75 nP. in the case of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes) will, however, be allowed to a candidate who has paid the consolidated fee of Rs. 82.50 nP. Rs. 20.62 nP. in the case of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes) but who is not admitted to the examination by the Commission.

APPENDIX V

Details of concession in age limits to displaced persons from Pakistan.

The upper age limit prescribed in the rules will be relaxable in accordance with the general orders of the Government in this behalf, that is to say, upto a maximum of three years if the candidate is a *bona fide* displaced person from Pakistan and upto a maximum of 8 years if the candidate belongs to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe and is also a displaced person from Pakistan or as is determined by the Government.

R. BHAKTAVATSALU,

Joint Financial Adviser, Defence Services.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Revenue)

CENTRAL EXCISES

New Delhi, the 4th October 1958

G.S.R. 907.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Central Excise and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments to the Central Excise Rules, 1944, namely:—

I. In rule 206 of the said Rules,—

after sub-rule (2), the following sub-rule shall be inserted, namely:—

“(3) Anything seized by a Central Excise Officer, may, pending the orders of the adjudicating Central Excise Officer, be released to the owner on taking a bond from him in the proper Form, with such security as the Collector may require.”

II. In Appendix I,

(1) in the table under the heading "Forms" after the entries relating to the Central Excise Series No. 32-D, the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—

Central Excise Series No.	Description of Form	Rule No.	Short title
32-E	(with security) for obtaining release of seized goods pending adjudication.	206	B-11 (Sec.)

(2) After Form B-10(Sec.) [Central Excise Series No. 32-D], the following form B-11 (Sec.) shall be inserted—

Central Excise Series No. 32-E.

Range_____
Circle_____

Form B-11 (Sec.)

Bond (with security) to be entered into by person seeking release of goods seized pending adjudication.

(Rule 206)

(Delete the words and letters not applicable).

I/We.....of.....[hereinafter called the obligor(s)]
am.....bound to the President of India (hereinafter
are jointly and severally
called the Government) in the sum of.....rupees to be paid to the
Government for which paymentbind
myself and my
ourselves and our legal representatives.

Whereas a quantity of(hereinafter called the said goods) belonging to the obligor(s) are seized by the Central Excise Officer.....Range/
Circle/Division (hereinafter called the said officer) for an alleged offence under the Central Excise Act and Rules, 1944.

And whereas the said officer has required the obligor(s) to deposit as guarantee for the amount of this bond the sum ofrupees in cash/the securities hereinafter mentioned of a total face value of.....rupees endorsed in favour of the Collector of Central Excise,, namely:—

And whereas pending adjudication of the case by the competent officer, the said officer has under sub-rule (3) of Rule 206 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944 agreed to release to the obligor(s) the said goods on the obligor(s) executing the bond in the manner aforesaid.

Now the condition of this bond is that (a) if the obligor(s) and his/their legal representatives shall observe all the provisions of the Central Excise Rules, 1944 so far as they relate to the seized goods; (b) if all dues whether duty, value, penalty, or other lawful charges which shall be demandable on the goods released to the obligor(s), be duly paid into the treasury to the satisfaction of the said officer within 10 days of the date of demand thereof being made in writing by the said officer of Central Excise; (c) if the said goods are produced, unless the same have totally perished in the meantime, as and when directed by the said officer.

This obligation shall be void.

Otherwise and on breach or failure in the performance of any part of this condition, the same shall be in full force.

And I/we agree that the Government shall be at liberty to appropriate the said deposit towards the payment of the amount of duty/value/penalty/other lawful charges as may be assessed by the competent authority in respect of the goods.

And I/we declare that this bond is given under the orders of the Central Government for the performance of an act in which the public are interested.

Place:

Date:

Signature(s) of obligor(s).

Witnesses:

(1)

(2)

Address:

(1)

(2)

Occupation:

(1)

(2)

Place:

Date:

Accepted by me this.....day of19 , for and on behalf of the President of India. of Central Excise.

[No. 102/58.]

G.S.R. 908.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 12 and 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the Central Excise Rules, 1944, namely—

In the said rules, in sub-rule 10 of rule 191-A, the words 'in accordance with the general export procedure' shall be omitted.

[No. 103/58.]

G.S.R. 909.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the Central Excise Rules, 1944, namely—

In Appendix I to the said Rules, in Form A.S.P. (Central Excise Series No. 85)—

1. in paragraph 1, the word 'six' shall be omitted;
2. for the words 'Permission granted' at the foot of the form, the words 'Permission granted for.....calendar months beginning with.....and ending with.....' shall be substituted.

[No. 104/58.]

New Delhi, the 11th October 1958

G.S.R. 910.—In pursuance of the rule 96J of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) S.R.O. No. 1302, dated the 27th April, 1957, the Central Government hereby fixes the following rates per shift per warp knitting machine employed by or on behalf of the same person in the manufacture of rayon or artificial silk fabrics, namely:—

First shift Rs. 54 per warp knitting machine per month.

Second shift Rs. 36 per warp knitting machine per month.

Third shift Rs. 20 per warp knitting machine per month.

Provided that no duty shall be payable on the first 4 warp knitting machines, or where powerlooms as well as warp knitting machines are employed, on powerlooms not exceeding 9 in number or at the option of the person aforesaid, on warp knitting machines not exceeding 4 in number:

Provided further that—

- (a) where in any subsequent shift more warp knitting machines are employed than in the first shift, the rate applicable to the machines employed in excess of those in the first shift shall be Rs. 54 per machine; and
- (b) where in the third shift more warp knitting machines are employed than in the second shift, but not more than in the first shift the rate applicable to the machines employed in the third shift shall be Rs. 36 per machine.

Explanation.—Where powerlooms as well as warp knitting machines are employed, the provisions of the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance (Revenue Division), No. S.R.O. 502, dated the 1st March, 1956, shall apply to the powerlooms in respect of which duty is payable.

[No. 106/58.]

G.S.R. 911.—In pursuance of rule 96J of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) S.R.O. No. 3623, dated the 16th November, 1957, the Central Government hereby fixes the following rates per shift per powerloom employed by or on behalf of the same person in the manufacture of rayon or artificial silk fabrics, namely:—

First shift Rs. 27 per powerloom per month.

Second shift Rs. 18 per powerloom per month.

Third shift Rs. 10 per powerloom per month.

Provided that where more than 9 powerlooms are employed by or on behalf of the same person, no duty shall be payable in respect of first 9 powerlooms.

Provided further that—

- (a) where in any subsequent shift more powerlooms are employed than in the first shift, the rate applicable to the powerlooms employed in excess of those in the first shift shall be Rs. 27 per powerloom; and
- (b) where in the third shift more powerlooms are employed than in the second shift, but not more than in the first shift, the rate applicable to the powerlooms employed in the third shift in excess of those employed in the second shift shall be Rs. 18 per month.

[No. 107/58.]

G.S.R. 912.—In pursuance of rule 96J of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, and sub-Section (3) of section 3 of the Additional Duties of Excise (Goods of Special Importance) Act, 1957 (58 of 1957) and in supersession of its notification S.R.O. No. 102 dated the 11th January, 1958, the Central Government hereby fixes the following rates of additional excise duty per shift per powerloom employed by or on behalf of the same person in the manufacture of rayon or artificial silk fabrics, namely:—

First shift Rs. 27 per powerloom per month.

Second shift Rs. 18 per powerloom per month.

Third shift Rs. 10 per powerloom per month.

Provided that where more than 9 powerlooms are employed by or on behalf of the same person no duty shall be payable in respect of first 9 powerlooms;

Provided further that—

- (a) where in any subsequent shift more powerlooms are employed than in the first shift, the rate applicable to the powerlooms employed in excess of those in the first shift shall be Rs. 27/- per powerloom; and

- (b) where in the third shift more powerlooms are employed than in the second shift, but not more than in the first shift, the rate applicable to the powerlooms employed in the third shift in excess of those employed in the second shift shall be Rs. 18/- per month.

[No. 108/58.]

G.S.R. 913.—In pursuance of rule 96J of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, and sub-section (3) of section 3 of the Additional Duties of Excise (Goods of Special Importance) Act, 1957 (58 of 1957) and in supersession of its notification S.R.O. No. 103, dated the 11th January, 1958, the Central Government hereby fixes the following rates of additional excise duty per shift per warp knitting machine employed by or on behalf of the same person in the manufacture of rayon or artificial silk fabrics, namely:—

First shift Rs. 54/- per warp knitting machine per month.

Second shift Rs. 36/- per warp knitting machine per month.

Third shift Rs. 20/- per warp knitting machine per month.

Provided that no duty shall be payable on the first 4 warp knitting machines, or where powerlooms as well as warp knitting machines are employed by or on behalf of the same person, on powerlooms not exceeding 9 in number or at the option of the person aforesaid, on warp knitting machines not exceeding 4 in number:

Provided further that—

- (a) where in any subsequent shift more warp knitting machines are employed than in the first shift, the rate applicable to the machines employed in excess of those in the first shift shall be Rs. 54/- per machine; and
- (b) where in the third shift more warp knitting machines are employed than in the second shift, but not more than in the first shift, the rate applicable to the machines employed in the third shift shall be Rs. 36/- per machine.

Explanation.—Where powerlooms as well as warp knitting machines are employed, the provisions of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) S.R.O. No. 3623, dated the 16th November, 1957, shall apply to the powerlooms in respect of which duty is payable.

[No. 109/58.]

G.S.R. 914.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 96J of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, and sub-section (3) of section 3 of the Additional Duties of Excise (Goods of Special Importance) Act, 1957, (58 of 1957) and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) G.S.R. No. 86, dated the 1st March, 1958, read with notification G.S.R. No. 206, dated the 1st April, 1958, the Central Government hereby fixes the following rates of additional excise duty per shift per powerloom per month employed by or on behalf of the same person in the manufacture of cotton fabrics, namely:—

	Rs.
1. where more than 24 but not more than 300 powerlooms are employed;	20.00
2. where more than 9 but not more than 24 powerlooms are employed;	16.00
3. where more than 4 but not more than 9 powerlooms are employed;	
4. where not more than 4 powerlooms are employed;	Nil

Provided that where more than 4 powerlooms but not more than 9 powerlooms are employed by or on behalf of the same person, no duty shall be payable in respect of the first 4 powerlooms.

Provided further that where more than 9 powerlooms but not more than 24 powerlooms are employed by or on behalf of the same person, no duty shall be payable:—

- (a) in respect of the first 4 powerlooms;
- (b) as is in excess of Rs. 12/- per powerloom per shift per month in respect of the next 5 powerlooms.

[No. 110/58.]

S. K. BHATTACHARJEE, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Revenue)

CUSTOMS AND CENTRAL EXCISE

New Delhi, the 11th October 1958

G.S.R. 915.—The following draft of certain rules which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (both as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry) is published as required by sub-section (3) of the said section 43B for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th November, 1958.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date specified above will be considered by the Central Government.

DRAFT RULES

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Customs and Central Excise Duties Refund (Fixed Rates) Rules, 1958.

2. **Definitions.**—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- (a) "excisable materials" means materials produced or manufactured in India or the State of Pondicherry, on which central excise duty has been paid;
- (b) "export" includes shipment of the goods as provisions or stores for use on board a ship proceeding to a foreign port;
- (c) "goods" means articles specified in the second column of the First Schedule which are manufactured in India or the State of Pondicherry, and in the manufacture of which imported or excisable materials or both have been used;
- (d) "imported materials" means materials imported into India or the State of Pondicherry, on payment of customs duty;
- (e) "manufacturer" means a manufacturer of the goods;
- (f) "refund" includes drawback of customs duty paid on imported materials and rebate of central excise duty paid on excisable materials;
- (g) "Schedule" means a Schedule appended to these rules.

3. **Goods in respect of which refund may be paid.**—Subject to the provisions of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944) and of these rules, and subject also to such provisions of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, as may be applicable in this behalf, a refund at the rate or rates referred to in rule 4, shall be allowed of the customs duty paid on the imported materials, and the central excise duty paid on the excisable materials, used in the manufacture of the goods exported from India or the State of Pondicherry.

4. **Rate of refund.**—(1) Refund admissible under these rules in respect of any goods specified in the second column of the First Schedule shall be at the rate or rates specified against such goods in the corresponding entry in the third column of the said Schedule.

(2) The Central Government may revise the rate or rates of refund so specified at such intervals as it thinks fit, and for this purpose, may require any manufacturer of any variety or brand of the goods to furnish information in such form as

it may prescribe and in particular, in respect of the materials used in the manufacture of such brand or variety and the customs or the central excise duty, if any, paid thereon.

5. Exporter's declarations and documents.—At the time of the export of the goods, the exporter shall—

- (a) make a declaration on the relative shipping bill that a claim for refund under these rules is being made;
- (b) state on the shipping bill, the description, quantity and such other particulars as are necessary for deciding whether the goods are entitled to drawback, and if so, at what rate or rates;
- (c) furnish the Customs Collector with a copy of the shipment invoice or any other document giving particulars of the description, quantity and value of the goods to be exported.

6. Certain conditions for allowing refund.—Without prejudice to the provisions regarding drawback or refund contained in the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), in the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), in the Central Excise Rules, 1944, and in these rules, no refund shall be allowed under these rules unless—

- (i) the goods are included in the export manifest, and
- (ii) payment of refund is demanded within six months from the date of entry for shipment.

7. Powers of Customs Collector.—For the purpose of rule 4 of these rules, the Customs Collector may require the manufacturer to produce any books of account or other documents relating to the proportion and quantity of the imported materials used in the manufacture of the goods and the duty paid thereon.

8. Access to manufactory.—Whenever the Chief Customs Officer or the Chief Customs Authority considers it necessary, the manufacturer shall give access at all reasonable times to any officer of the Central Government specially authorised in this behalf by such officer or such authority, to every part of the premises in which the goods are manufactured, so as to enable the officer so authorised to verify by inspection of the processes of, and the materials used for, the manufacture of such goods, or otherwise, the entitlement of the goods for drawback, or for a particular rate of drawback, under these rules.

9. Repeal of rules.—The rules specified in the Second Schedule are hereby repealed except as respects things done or omitted to be done thereunder.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Description of the goods	Rate of refund
1	2	3
I.	Fabrics manufactured from artificial silk yarn of all varieties other than staple fibre yarn, wholly or in admixture with other yarn, and hosiery and readymade garments made from such fabrics,—	
	(i) if made from artificial silk yarn of below 75 deniers	Two rupees per pound of artificial silk yarn:
	(ii) if made from artificial silk yarn of 75 deniers and above but not above 100 deniers	One rupee and twenty-eight naye pais per pound of artificial silk yarn:
	(iii) if made from artificial silk yarn of above 100 deniers but not above 135 deniers	Seventy-seven naye paise per pound of artificial silk yarn:

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- (iv) if made from artificial silk yarn of above 135 deniers but not above 175 deniers Fifty-two naye paise per pound of artificial silk yarn :
- (v) If made from artificial silk yarn of above 175 deniers One rupee and twelve naye paise per pound of artificial silk yarn :
- Provided that in the case of goods manufactured from yarns of different deniers to which different rates of refund are applicable, the refund in respect of the whole of such goods shall be allowed at the lowest of such rates.
- 2 Crown corks—
- (i) with composition cork discs Six rupees and forty naye paise per one hundred gross
- (ii) with natural cork discs Twenty-one rupees and thirty-five naye paise per one hundred gross
- 3 Hydraulic brake fluid conforming to Indian Standard specification I.S. 317 (1951) One rupee and fifty naye paise per Imperial gallon
- 4 (i) Ground coffee Twenty-three naye paise per pound
- (ii) French coffee, that is to say, coffee prepared by admixture of ground coffee and imported chicory Twenty-three naye paise per pound of coffee content and twenty naye paise per pound of chicory content
- 5 Mixed total fatty acids obtained from coconut oil One hundred and forty-one rupees per ton
- 6 Confectionery of the following varieties, other than confectionery manufactured for export in accordance with the procedure laid down in rule 191 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944—
- (1) Boiled sweets, unwrapped Eleven rupees and fifteen naye paise per one hundred pounds
- (2) Boiled sweets, wrapped Fifteen rupees per one hundred pounds
- (3) Boiled sweets, soft-centred Thirteen rupees and thirty naye paise per one hundred pounds
- (4) Toffees Eighteen rupees per one hundred pounds
- 7 Extract of pyrethrum flowers in kerosene Eight rupees per Imperial gallon of a 2% extract of pyrethrum flowers in kerosene

THE SECOND SCHEDULE

The Customs and Excise Duties Drawback (Art Silk) Rules, 1957.

The Customs and Excise Duties Drawback (Hydraulic Brake Fluid) Rules, 1958.

The Customs and Excise Duties Drawback (Crown Corks) Rules, 1958.

The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Coffee) Rules, 1958.

The Customs and Central Excise Duties Refund (Fatty Acids) Rules, 1958.

The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Confectionery) Rules, 1958.

The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Pyrethrum extract) Rules, 1958.

G.S.R. 916.—The following draft of certain rules which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 43B of the Sea Customs, 1878 (8 of 1878) and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944) (both as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry) is published as required by sub-section (3) of the said section 43B for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th November, 1958.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date specified above will be considered by the Central Government.

DRAFT RULES

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Customs and Central Excise Duties Refund (Brand Rates) Rules, 1958.

2. **Definition.**—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- (a) “excisable materials” means materials produced or manufactured in India or the State of Pondicherry, on which central excise duty has been paid;
- (b) “export” includes shipment of the goods as provisions or stores for use on board a ship proceeding to a foreign port;
- (c) “goods” means articles specified in the second column of the First Schedule which are manufactured in India or the State of Pondicherry and in the manufacture of which imported or excisable materials or both have been used;
- (d) “imported materials” means materials imported into India or the State of Pondicherry, on payment of customs duty;
- (e) “manufacturer” means a manufacturer of the goods;
- (f) “refund” includes drawback of customs duty paid on imported materials and rebate of central excise duty paid on excisable materials;
- (g) “Schedule” means a Schedule appended to these rules.

3. **Goods in respect of which refund may be paid.**—Subject to the provisions of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944) and of these rules and subject also to such provisions of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, as may be applicable in this behalf, a refund at the rate or rates determined in accordance with rule 4, shall be allowed of the customs duty paid on the imported materials, and the central excise duty paid on the excisable materials, used in the manufacture of the goods exported from India or the State of Pondicherry.

4. **Rate of refund.**—(1) Refund admissible under these rules in respect of each variety or brand of the goods specified in the First Schedule shall be the total of the average customs duty paid on the imported materials, and the average central excise duty paid on the excisable materials, used in the manufacture of the goods.

(2) Such averages shall be determined, on application by the manufacturer, by the Central Government on the basis of information furnished by the manufacturer in respect of the materials used in the manufacture of the goods and the customs or the central excise duty, if any, paid on such materials—during such period as in the opinion of the Central Government is relevant for the purpose.

(3) Such information shall be furnished by the manufacturer in such form as the Central Government may prescribe in any particular case, and shall be subject to such verification as the Central Government may deem necessary in any particular case.

(4) The Central Government may revise the refund so determined for any variety or brand of the goods, at such intervals as it thinks fit, and for this purpose, may require any manufacturer to furnish information in such form as it may prescribe, and in particular, in respect of the materials used in the manufacture of such brand or variety and the customs or excise duty, if any, paid

thereon. If such information is not furnished and facilities for its verification are not provided, by the manufacturer within such period as may be specified by the Central Government, the Central Government may deny refund in respect of shipments made, of such variety or brand of the goods after the expiry of the said period.

5. **Exporter's declarations and documents.**—At the time of the export of the goods, the exporter shall,—

- (a) make a declaration on the relative shipping bill that a claim for refund under these rules is being made;
- (b) state on the shipping bill, the description, quantity and such other particulars as are necessary for deciding whether the goods are entitled to drawback, and if so, at what rate or rates; and
- (c) furnish the Customs Collector with a copy of the shipment invoice or any other document giving particulars of the description, quantity and value of the goods to be exported.

6. **Certain conditions for allowing refund.**—Without prejudice to the provisions regarding drawback or refund contained in the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), in the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), in the Central Excise Rules, 1944, and in these rules, no refund shall be allowed under these rules unless—

- (i) the goods are included in the export manifest, and
- (ii) payment of refund is demanded within six months from the date of entry for shipment.

7. **Powers of Customs Collector.**—For the purpose of rule 4 of these rules, the Customs Collector may require the manufacturer to produce any books of account or other documents relating to the proportion and quantity of the imported materials used in the manufacture of the goods and the duty paid thereon.

8. **Access to manufactory.**—Whenever the Chief Customs Officer or the Chief Customs Authority considers it necessary, the manufacturer shall give access at all reasonable times to any officer of the Central Government specially authorised in this behalf by such officer or such authority, to every part of the premises in which the goods are manufactured, so as to enable the officer as authorised to verify by inspection of the processes of, and the materials used for, the manufacture of such goods, or otherwise, the entitlement of the goods for drawback, or for a particular rate of drawback, under these rules.

9. **Repeal of rules.**—The rules specified in the Second Schedule are hereby repealed except as respects things done or omitted to be done thereunder.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Description of the goods
1.	Motor vehicles including motor cars, trucks, taxi cabs, motor omnibuses, lorries, jeeps, land rovers station wagons, motor cycles and scooters including three wheelers.
2.	Bicycles.
3.	Leather cloth.
4.	Trailers of the vehicular type.
5.	Kits for, and components of, bus bodies.
6.	Footwear.
7.	Pigments, colours, paints, enamels, varnishes, lacquers and paint ancillaries.
8.	Sparking plugs.
9.	Piperazine Syrup.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE

- The Customs and Excise Duties Drawback (Trailers) Rules, 1958.
 The Customs and Excise Duties Drawback (Bus Body) Rules, 1958.
 The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Motor Vehicles) Rules, 1958.
 The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Leather Cloth) Rules, 1958.
 The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Footwear) Rules, 1958.

The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Paints) Rules, 1958.
 The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Sparking Plugs) Rules, 1958.
 The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Bicycles) Rules, 1958
 The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Piperazine Syrup) Rules, 1958.

[No. 60/F. No. 34/44/58-Cus. IV.]

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 11th October 1958

G.S.R. 917.—The following draft of an amendment in the Customs Duties Drawback (Tissue Paper) Rules, 1958, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry is published as required by sub-section (3) of the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 13th November, 1958.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendment

In sub-clause (c) of rule 3 of the said rules, for the words "precipitated chalk and wood pulp", the words "materials" shall be substituted.

[No. 249/F. No. 34/97/58-Cus-IV.]

G.S.R. 918.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. 147-Customs, dated the 10th May, 1958, namely:—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification, for the words "at Bombay, by the Naval Store Officer", the words "at Bombay and Cochin, by the Naval Store Officer concerned", shall be substituted.

[No. 250.]

G.S.R.—919.—The following draft of certain rules which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, is published as required by sub-section (3) of the said section for the information of persons likely to be affected, thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th November, 1958.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date specified above will be considered by the Central Government.

DRAFT RULES

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Customs Duties Drawback (Fixed Rates) Rules, 1958.

2. **Definitions.**—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- (a) "export" includes shipment of goods as provisions or stores for use on board a ship proceeding to a foreign port;
- (b) "goods" means articles specified in the second column of the First Schedule which are manufactured in India or the State of Pondicherry, and in the manufacture of which imported materials have been used;
- (c) "imported materials" means materials imported into, India or the State of Pondicherry on payment of customs duty;
- (d) "manufacturer" means a manufacturer of the goods;
- (e) "Schedule" means a Schedule appended to these rules.

3. Goods in respect of which drawback may be paid.—Subject to the provisions of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), and of these rules, a drawback at the rate or rates referred to in rule 4, shall be allowed of the customs duty paid on the imported materials used in the manufacture of the goods exported from India or the State of Pondicherry.

4. Rate of drawback.—(1) Drawback admissible under these rules in respect of any goods specified in the second column of the First Schedule shall be at the rate or rates specified against such goods in the corresponding entry in the third column of the said Schedule.

(2) The Central Government may revise the rate or rates of drawback so specified at such intervals as it thinks fit, and for this purpose may require any manufacturer of any variety or brand of the goods to furnish information in such form as it may prescribe, and in particular, in respect of the materials used in the manufacture of such brand or variety and the customs duty, if any, paid thereon.

5. Exporter's declarations and documents.—At the time of the export of the goods, the exporter shall—

(a) make a declaration on the relative shipping bill that a claim for drawback under these rules is being made;

(b) state on the shipping bill, the description, quantity and such other particulars as are necessary for deciding whether the goods are entitled to drawback, and if so, at what rate or rates; and

(c) furnish the Customs Collector with a copy of the shipment invoice or any other document giving particulars of the description, quantity and value of the goods to be exported.

6. Certain conditions for allowing drawback.—Without prejudice to the provisions regarding drawback contained in the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and in these rules, no drawback shall be allowed under these rules unless—

(i) the goods are included in the export manifest, and

(ii) payment of drawback is demanded within six months from the date of entry for shipment, duly supported by evidence of compliance with the provisions of these rules.

7. Powers of Customs Collector.—For the purpose of rule 4 of these rules, the Customs Collector may require the manufacturer to produce any books of account or other documents relating to the proportion and quantity of the imported materials used in the manufacture of the goods and the duty paid thereon.

8. Access to manufactory.—Whenever the Chief Customs Officer or the Chief Customs Authority considers it necessary, the manufacturer shall give access at all reasonable times to any officer of the Central Government specially authorised in this behalf by such officer or such authority, to every part of the premises in which the goods are manufactured, so as to enable the officer so authorised to verify by inspection of the processes of, and the materials used for, the manufacture of such goods, or otherwise, the entitlement of the goods for drawback, or for a particular rate of drawback, under these rules.

9. Repeal of rules.—The rules specified in the Second Schedule are hereby repealed except as respects things done or omitted to be done thereunder.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Description of the goods	Rate of drawback
1	2	3
1	Plastic goods other than spectacle frames, leather cloth and polyvinyl chloride cables, that is to say—	
	(1) Polystyrene moulding powder .	Twenty-six naye paise per pound.
	(2) Articles which are made wholly of any one, and not more than one, of the following materials, and component parts, similarly made, of any articles—	
	(i) polystyrene moulding powder .	Twenty-six naye paise per pound.
	(ii) cellulose acetate moulding powder or cellulose acetate sheets.	Seventy naye paise per pound.

1	2	3
	(iii) cellulose acetate butyrate moulding powder	Seventy naye paise per pound.
	(iv) urea formaldehyde moulding powder.	Forty-two naye paise per pound.
	(v) polyethylene moulding powder	Ninety-six naye paise per pound.
	(vi) cellulose nitrate sheets, films, rods or tubes.	Eighty-five naye paise per pound.
	(vii) polymethyl methacrylate sheets, films, rods or tubes.	One rupee and twenty-one naye paise per pound.
	(viii) polyvinyl chloride sheeting or polyvinyl chloride composition or moulding powder, or polyvinyl chloride resin and plasticiser.	Twenty-five naye paise per pound.
2	Galvanised iron wire gauze, mesh netting and chain link fencing, if made of galvanised iron wire falling under item 63(25) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934)—	
	(a) finer than 16 S.W.G. but not-finer than 22 S.W.G.	Rupees two hundred and eighty-two per ton.
	(b) finer than 22 S.W.G. but not finer than 27 S.W.G.	Rupees three hundred and forty-three per ton.
	(c) finer than 27 S.W.G.	Rupees three hundred and seventy-eight per ton : Provided that in the case of goods manufactured from wire of different gauges, drawback shall be allowed at the rate applicable to wire of the thicker or the thickest variety, as the case may be, used in the goods.
3	Potassium citrate monohydrate	Thirty one rupees and sixty naye paise per one hundred pounds.
4	Glass or Glassware	Twenty-one rupees and twenty-five naye paise per ton.
5	Saccharin, insoluble	One rupee and eighty-five naye paise per pound.
6	Jute manufactures—	
	(i) hessian.	One rupee and sixty naye paise per ton.
	(ii) sacking	Two rupees and forty naye paise per ton ; Provided that no drawback shall be admissible on fractions of a ton of hessian or sacking forming part of a shipment.
7	Dichromates—	
	(1) Sodium dichromate dihydrate	Three rupees per hundredweight.
	(2) Anhydrous sodium dichromate	Three rupees and forty-five naye paise per hundredweight.
	(3) Potassium dichromate	Three rupees and ten naye paise per hundredweight.
	(4) Ammonium dichromate	Three rupees and sixty naye paise per hundredweight.
8	Chromic acid	Four rupees and fifty-five naye paise per hundredweight.

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9 Carbon papers—

(1) Carbon papers in the manufacture of which imported tissue paper has been used—

(i) Typewriter carbon paper . . . Sixty-five naye paise per one hundred foolscap sheets.

(ii) Pencil carbon paper or pen carbon paper. . . Sixty-two naye paise per one hundred foolscap sheets.

(2) Carbon papers in the manufacture of which indigenous tissue paper has been used—

(i) Typewriter carbon paper . . . Eleven naye paise per one hundred foolscap sheets.

(ii) Pencil carbon paper or pen carbon paper . . . Five naye paise per one hundred foolscap sheets.

10 Cough syrups . . . Per one hundred grams of the following ingredients contained in the cough syrup :—

Balsam tolu . . . Eighty-three naye paise.

Menthol . . . One rupee and forty five naye paise.

Potassium anti- Thirty-nine naye paise.
mony tartaratePotassium sul- Fifty-seven naye paise.
phoguaicolate

Terpene hydrate . . . Twenty-six naye paise.

11 Ivory products . . . Six rupees and sixty naye paise per pound.

12 Roofing felt—

(i) 3-ply . . . Rupees one hundred and eighty-one per ton.

(ii) 2-ply . . . Rupees one hundred and eighty-five per ton.

(iii) underlay . . . Rupees two hundred and ninety-four per ton.

13 Plywood—

(i) 3-ply . . . One rupee and forty-two naye paise per one hundred square feet.

(ii) 5-ply . . . Two rupees and eighty-four naye paise per one hundred square feet.

(iii) 7-ply . . . Four rupees and thirty-six naye paise per one hundred square feet.

(iv) 9-ply . . . Five rupees and seventy-eight naye paise per one hundred square feet.

(v) 11-ply . . . Seven rupees and twenty naye paise per one hundred square feet.

14 Tennis or badminton rackets—

(1) Tennis rackets, standard size . . . Two rupees and twenty naye paise per dozen.

(2) Tennis rackets, sub-standard size . . . Ninety naye paise per dozen.

(3) Badminton rackets. Ninety naye paise per dozen.

1	2	3
<hr/>		
15	Paper products—	
	(1) Envelopes made of—	
	(a) imported manila and sulphite envelope paper.	Twenty-seven naye paise per pound of paper.
	(b) imported writing paper or printing paper other than newsprint.	Thirty-six naye paise per pound of paper.
	(2) Writing pads made of imported writing paper or imported printing paper other than newsprint.	Thirty-six naye paise per pound of paper.
	(3) Exercise books made of imported writing paper or imported printing paper other than newsprint.	Thirty-six naye paise per pound of paper.
16	Fishing rods in the manufacture of which—	
	(a) imported bamboo poles not less than seven feet and not more than eleven feet in length have been used.	Three rupees per one hundred pieces.
	(b) imported bamboo poles more than eleven feet but not more than twenty-three feet in length have been used.	Four rupees and seventy naye paise per one hundred pieces.
	(c) imported bamboo poles not less than twenty-six feet and not more than thirty-two feet in length have been used.	Nine rupees and fifty naye paise per one hundred pieces.
17	R.S. pilferproof closures, 28 millimeter size.	Eight rupees and fifty naye paise per one thousand units.
18	Spectacle frames—	
	Component parts of spectacle frames exported as such or as parts of complete spectacle frames—	
	(1) Parts made of cellulose nitrate sheets.	Eighty-five naye paise per pound.
	(2) Side wires	Sixty-eight naye paise per gross pieces.
	(3) Metal joints or hinges—	
	4 millimeter size.	One rupee and fifty naye paise per gross pieces.
	6 millimeter size	One rupee and seventy-five naye paise per gross pieces.
19	Playing cards made of—	
	(1) artboard, brush-coated on two sides.	Sixty-seven naye paise per pound.
	(2) card board, laminated and black-centred.	Seventy-five naye paise per pound.
20	Handicrafts and other articles made of alabaster.	Rupees one hundred and twenty-five per ton.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE

The Customs Duties Drawback (Potassium Citrate) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Glass and Glassware) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Saccharin) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Jute Manufactures) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Dichromates) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Carbon Paper) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Cough Syrup) Rules, 1957.

The Customs Duties Drawback (Galvanised Iron Wire Products) Rules, 1957.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Ivory Products) Rules, 1957.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Roofing Felt) Rules, 1957.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Plywood) Rules, 1957.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Badminton and Tennis Rackets) Rules, 1957.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Paper Products) Rules, 1957.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Fishing Rods) Rules, 1957.
The Customs Duties Drawback (R. S. Pilferproof Closures) Rules, 1958.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Spectacle Frames) Rules, 1958.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Playing Cards) Rules, 1958.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Plastic Goods) Rules, 1958.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Alabaster Articles) Rules, 1958.

[No. 251/F. No. 34/44/58.Cus-IV.]

G.S.R. 920.—The following draft of certain rules which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, is published as required by sub-section (3) of the said section for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th November, 1958.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date specified above will be considered by the Central Government.

DRAFT RULES

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Customs Duties Drawback (Brand Rates) Rules, 1958.

2. **Definitions.**—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- (a) "export" includes shipment of goods as provisions or stores for use on board a ship proceeding to a foreign port;
- (b) "goods" means articles specified in the second column of the First Schedule which are manufactured in India or the State of Pondicherry, and in the manufacture of which imported materials have been used;
- (c) "imported materials" means materials imported into India or the State of Pondicherry on payment of customs duty;
- (d) "manufacturer" means a manufacturer of the goods;
- (e) "Schedule" means a Schedule appended to these rules.

3. **Goods in respect of which drawback may be paid.**—Subject to the provisions of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and of these rules, a drawback as the rate or rates determined in accordance with rule 4, shall be allowed of the customs duty paid on the imported materials used in the manufacture of the goods, exported from India or the State of Pondicherry.

4. **Rate of drawback.**—(1) Drawback admissible under these rules in respect of each variety or brand of the goods specified in the First Schedule shall be the average customs duty paid on the imported materials used in the manufacture of the goods.

(2) Such average shall be determined, on application by the manufacturer, by the Central Government on the basis of information furnished by the manufacturer in respect of the materials used in the manufacture of the goods, and the customs duty, if any, paid thereon, during such period as in the opinion of the Central Government is relevant for the purpose.

(3) Such information shall be furnished by the manufacturer in such form as the Central Government may prescribe in any particular case, and shall be subject to such verification as the Central Government may deem necessary in any particular case.

(4) The Central Government may revise the drawback so determined for any variety or brand of the goods, at such intervals as it thinks fit, and for this purpose, may require any manufacturer to furnish information in such form as it may

prescribe, and in particular, in respect of the materials used in the manufacture of such brand or variety and the customs duty, if any paid thereon. If such information is not furnished, and facilities for its verification are not provided by the manufacturer within such period as may be specified by the Central Government, the Central Government may deny refund in respect of shipments made of such variety or brand of the goods, after the expiry of the said period.

5. Exporter's declarations and documents.—At the time of the export of the goods, the exporter shall—

- (a) make a declaration on the relative shipping bill that a claim for drawback under these rules is being made;
- (b) state on the shipping bill, the description, quantity and such other particulars as are necessary for deciding whether the goods are entitled to drawback, and if so at what rate or rates;
- (c) furnish the Customs Collector with a copy of the shipment invoice or any other document giving particulars of the description, quantity and value of the goods to be exported.

6. Certain conditions for allowing drawback.—Without prejudice to the provisions regarding drawback contained in the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), and in these rules, no drawback shall be allowed under these rules unless—

- (i) the goods are included in the export manifest, and
- (ii) payment of drawback is demanded within six months from the date of entry for shipment, duly supported by evidence of compliance with the provisions of these rules.

7. Powers of Customs Collector.—For the purpose of rule 4 of these rules, the Customs Collector may require the manufacturer to produce any books of account or other documents relating to the proportion and quantity of the imported materials used in the manufacture of the goods and the duty paid thereon.

8. Access to manufactory.—Whenever the Chief Customs Officer or the Chief Customs Authority considers it necessary, the manufacturer shall give access at all reasonable times to any officer of the Central Government specially authorised in this behalf by such officer or such authority, to every part of the premises in which the goods are manufactured, so as to enable the officer so authorized to verify by inspection of the processes of, and the materials used for, the manufacture of such goods, or otherwise, the entitlement of the goods for drawback or for a particular rate of drawback, under these rules.

9. Repeal of rules.—The rules specified in the Second Schedule are hereby repealed except as respects things done or omitted to be done thereunder.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Description of goods
1.	Copper dusting preparations, namely, fungicidal wettable dusting preparations of cuprous oxide which are free from cupric compounds and other pesticidal ingredients.
2.	Chokes for fluorescent lamps.
3.	Radio receivers.
4.	Tooth paste.
5.	Turbine or centrifugal pumps, whether or not with a motor or gear drive attached.
6.	Tissue paper.
7.	Sewing machines.
8.	Chrome leather washers.
9.	Diesel Engines.
10.	Dyestuffs.
11.	Sodium para amino salicylate or calcium para amino salicylate, in tablet or other form.
12.	Umbrella ribs, solid or flexus type.
13.	Disinfectants and antiseptic preparations.
14.	Card staves.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE

The Customs Duties Drawback (Radio Receivers) Rules, 1957.

The Customs Duties Drawback (Tooth Paste) Rules, 1957.

The Customs Duties Drawback (Pumps) Rules, 1957.

The Customs Duties Drawback (Tissue paper) Rules, 1958.

The Customs Duties Drawback (Sewing Machines) Rules, 1958.

The Customs Duties Drawback (Chokes for Fluorescent Lamps) Rules, 1958.

The Customs Duties Drawback (Chrome Leather Washers) Rules, 1958.

The Customs Duties Drawback (Diesel Engines) Rules, 1958.

The Customs Duties Drawback (Dyestuffs) Rules, 1958.

The Customs Duties Drawback (PAS Tablets) Rules, 1958.

The Customs Duties Drawback (Umbrella Ribs) Rules, 1958.

The Customs Duties Drawback (Disinfectants and Antiseptics) Rules, 1958.

The Customs Duties Drawback (Copper Dusting Preparations) Rules, 1958.

The Customs Duties Drawback (Card Staves) Rules, 1958.

[No. 252/F. No. 34/44/58-Cus.IV.]

G.S.R. 921.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government makes the following further amendments in the notification of the Government of India in the late Finance Department (Central Revenues) No. 33-Customs, dated the 22nd June, 1935, namely:—

In the said notification, in Schedule I—Import Duties,

- (1) under the head A—General, serial numbers 2, 7, 15, 16, 28D, 28J and 28Q, and the entries relating thereto shall be omitted;
- (2) under the head B—Government Departments, serial numbers 30 and 31 and the entries relating thereto shall be omitted;
- (3) under the head C—Other special consignees, serial numbers 38 and 40 and the entries relating thereto shall be omitted;
- (4) under the head E—Containers, serial numbers 64 and 65 and the entries relating thereto shall be omitted.

[No. 253.]

G.S.R. 922.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts redium and its salts falling under item 28 of the First Schedule of the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934), when imported into India or the State of Pondicherry from the whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon under the latter Act.

[No. 254.]

G.S.R. 923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts the articles specified in the second column of the Schedule hereto annexed, when imported into India or the State of Pondicherry, subject to the limitations and conditions specified in the third column of the said Schedule, from the whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon.

SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Goods	Limitations and Conditions
1.	Dairy appliances, excluding transport containers and articles included in item 72(9) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934):	Provided they are specially designed as dairy appliances and for use for milking the cow or for any subsequent process carried out in the dairy in connection with milk cream, butter or cheese.
2.	Component parts of such dairy appliances:	Provided they can be readily fitted into their proper places in the appliances for which they are imported and they cannot ordinarily be used for other than dairy purposes.

[No. 255.]

G.S.R. 924.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts wreaths for being placed on graves, when imported into India or the State of Pondicherry, from the whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon.

[No. 256.]

G.S.R. 925.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts (a) ocean-going vessels imported to be broken up, and (b) parts of vessels under repair removed for replacement, from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon as is in excess of 20 per cent. *ad valorem*:

Provided that articles contained in any such vessel not forming part of her necessary tackle, apparel or furniture (e.g. Pianos, crockery, cutlery) shall be assessed to duty separately under the appropriate items of the Tariff.

[No. 257.]

G.S.R. 926.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts opium, when imported by Government from a customs port into any of the following ports, from payment of the whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon, namely:—

- (1) Calcutta;
- (2) Madras;
- (3) Bombay;
- (4) Alibag;
- (5) Ratnagiri; and
- (6) Karwar.

[No. 258.]

G.S.R. 927.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State

of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts challenge cups or trophies—

- (a) which have been won by any unit of the Defence forces in India or by a particular member or members of such unit in a competition which is not confined to units or members of the units stationed in India;
- or
- (b) which are being reimported and which, before being exported, had been won by any such unit or member or members of a unit in a competition not satisfying the above mentioned condition;
- or
- (c) which have been sent by donors resident abroad for presentation to or competition among such units or members of such units—

when imported into India or the State of Pondicherry, from payment of the whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon:

Provided that the articles for which free entry is claimed are certified by the Officer Commanding the unit or Brigade or any higher military authority or any of their staff officers as having been offered for competition or presented with the sole or main object of encouraging military efficiency; provided further that the cups or trophies have had engraved on them before being shipped the object for which presented, and except in the case of those sent by donors resident abroad for competition in India, the name of the winner or winners.

[No. 259.]

G.S.R. 928.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts drums and other containers of a durable nature, when imported full into India or the State of Pondicherry, from the whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon:

Provided that the Customs Collector is satisfied—

- (a) that the containers so imported, or an equal number of precisely similar containers, have, not more than one year previously, been exported empty by or on behalf of the importer without a claim for drawback of import duty having been made and established; and
- (b) that an importer applying for the benefit of the exemption conferred hereby with reference to any exportation of empty containers has not already obtained the benefit of the exemption with reference to such exportation.

[No. 260.]

G.S.R. 929.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts used containers of a durable nature, when imported empty into India or the State of Pondicherry, from the whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon:

Provided that the Customs Collector is satisfied—

- (a) that the containers so imported from any country or an equal number of precisely similar containers have, not more than three years previously, been exported full to such country or for use on a ship that has thereafter visited such country by or on behalf of the importer without a claim for drawback of import duty having been made and established; and
- (b) that an importer applying for the benefit of the exemption conferred hereby with reference to any exportation of full containers has not already obtained the benefits of the exemption with reference to such exportation.

[No. 261.]

G.S.R. 930.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts ocean-going vessels imported into India or the State of Pondicherry, other than vessels imported to be broken up, from the whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon:

Provided that any such vessel if subsequently broken up shall be chargeable with the duty which would be payable on her if she were imported to be broken up.

[No. 262.]

G.S.R. 931.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. 182-Customs, dated the 28th December, 1956, the Central Government hereby exempts amodiaquin imported into India or the State of Pondicherry and falling under item 28 of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934), from—

- (i) so much of the customs duty leviable thereon under the latter Act as is in excess of the duty of 10 per cent. *ad valorem*, where the standard rate of duty is leviable; and
- (ii) the whole of the duty leviable thereon, where the preferential rate of duty is leviable.

[No. 263.]

G.S.R. 932.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. 177-Customs, dated the 26th December, 1956, the Central Government hereby exempts component parts (other than frames, petrol tanks, silencers and pistons) of (i) three-wheeled auto-rickshaws, and (ii) three-wheeled vehicles mounted on the chassis of such auto-rickshaws and adapted for the conveyance of goods, imported into India or the State of Pondicherry in C.K.D. packs for assembly, and falling under items Nos. 75(9), 75(10), 75(11) and 75(12) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934), from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon under the last mentioned Act as is in excess of the duty of—

- (1) 22½ per cent. *ad valorem*, where the standard rate of duty is leviable; and
- (2) 15 per cent. *ad valorem*, where the preferential rate of duty is leviable.

[No. 264.]

G.S.R. 933.—The following draft of certain rules which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry is published as required by sub-section (3) of the said section for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th November, 1958.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

DRAFT RULES

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Customs Duties Drawback (Public Address Equipment) Rules, 1958.

2. **Definitions.**—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- (a) "Act" means the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878);
- (b) "goods" means public address equipment manufactured in India or the State of Pondicherry and in the manufacture of which imported materials has been used;
- (c) "imported materials" means materials imported into India or the State of Pondicherry on payment of customs duty.

3. **Goods in respect of which drawback may be paid.**—Subject to the provisions of the Act and these rules a drawback shall be allowed in respect of the imported materials used in the manufacture of the goods exported from India or the State of Pondicherry.

4. **Rate of drawback.**—(1) The rate of drawback admissible under these rules on the shipment of the goods shall be the average customs duty paid on the imported materials used in the manufacture of the goods.

(2) Such rate shall be determined by the Central Government (hereinafter in this sub-rule referred to as the Government) at such intervals as the Government may consider necessary on the basis of information furnished by the manufacturer of the goods and verified by the Government in respect of the duty paid on imported materials during such period as in the opinion of the Government is relevant for the purpose.

5. Manner of allowing drawback.—Drawback shall be allowed on the shipment of the goods from any port in India or the State of Pondicherry subject to the following conditions, namely:—

- (a) that the shipper shall, on the relative shipping bill, make a declaration that a claim for drawback under section 43B of the Act is being made; and
- (b) that the shipper shall furnish the Customs Collector with a copy of the shipment invoice or any other document giving details of the description, quantity and value of the goods under shipment.

6. Powers of Customs Collector.—For the purpose of these rules, the Customs Collector may require the shipper or the manufacturer of the goods to produce any books of accounts or other documents relating to the proportion and quantity of the imported materials used in the manufacture of the goods and the duty paid thereon, or to furnish any return in respect thereof.

7. Access to manufactory.—The manufacturer of the goods in respect of which a drawback is claimed under these rules shall give access to every part of the manufactory to any officer of the Central Government specially authorised in this behalf by the Chief Customs Officer or the Chief Customs Authority, to enable the officer so authorised to inspect the processes of manufacture and to verify by actual check or otherwise the statements made in support of the claim for drawback.

[No. 265/F. No. 34/81/58.Cus-IV.]

S. VENKATARAMAN, Dy. Secy.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Exchange Control Department

Central Office

Bombay, the 23rd September 1958

G.S.R. 934.—In pursuance of the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department No. 12(13)-FI/47 dated the 25th March, 1947, the Reserve Bank hereby directs that the following further amendment shall be made in the schedule to the notification of the Reserve Bank of India No. F.E.R.A. 10/47-R.B. dated the 25th March, 1947, namely:—

In the said Schedule the entry "Hind Bank Ltd." shall be omitted.

[No. F.E.R.A.165/58-R.B.]

H. V. R. IENGAR, Governor.

MINISTRY OF FOOD & AGRICULTURE

(Department of Agriculture)

New Delhi, the 30th September 1958

G.S.R. 935.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules for regulating the recruitment to Non-Gazetted posts in the Indian Institute of Sugarcane Research, Lucknow, namely:—

1. Short title.—These rules may be called the Indian Institute of Sugarcane Research, Lucknow (Recruitment to Non-Gazetted posts) Rules, 1958.

2. Description of Posts.—The designations of Non-Gazetted (Class II, III and IV) posts in the Indian Institute of Sugarcane Research, Lucknow, their classification and scales of pay, and the duties of the holders of such posts shall be as specified in columns 1 to 5 of the Schedule to these rules.

3. Method of Recruitment.—The method of recruitment, qualifications, age-limits and other matters relating to these posts shall be as laid down in columns 6 to 15 of said Schedule.

SCHEDULE

Recruitment rules for the post of Non-Gazetted Posts.

In Indian Institute of Sugarcane Research, Lucknow

Name of Post	No. of posts	Classification	Scale of pay	Whether Selection post or non-selection post	Age limit for direct recruits	Educational and other qualifications required	Whether age and educational qualifications prescribed for the direct recruits will apply in the case of promotees	Period of probation if any	Method of rectt. whether by direct rectt. or by promotion or transfer and percentage of the vacancies to be filled by various methods	In case of rectt. by promotion: transfer, grades from which promotion to be made	If a DPC exists what is its composition	Circumstances in which U.P.S.C. is to be consulted in making rectt.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13

Essential

Promotion

Senior Artist Cum-Photogra- pher	One	General Central Service Class II Non-Gazetted Non- Ministerial	Rs. 250-10- 300-15-450 2512-500	Selection	Below 40 years	1. Degree/Diploma in Art from recog- nised University/ Institute 2. About 3 years experience in a recognised Scientific Insti- tute as artist-cum- Photographer.	No.	One year 50% by promotion 50% by direct recruitment	1. Photogra- pher cum- Artist 2. Artist-cum- Photographer.	Departmental promotion Committee of the Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Department of Agriculture) Class II Posts,	As required under the Rules.
(Qualifications relax- able at Commis- sion's discretion in case of candidates otherwise well qualified).											

Desirable.

1. Proficiency in pen and ink drawing and water colour painting.

2. Diploma in photography from a recognised Technical Institute

NOTE.—The Photographer-cum-Artist and Artist-cum-Photographer should have put in atleast 7 years and 10 years service respectively in the grades, before they can be considered to be eligible for promotion.

Name of Posts	Its Classification whether gazetted or Non-Gazetted and whether Ministerial or Non-Ministerial	Scale of pay	Duties	No. of posts	Percentage of posts to be filled by			
					Direct recruitment	Promotion		Transfer
						By selections	Seniority or fitness	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Rs.								
Office Superintendent.	Class III Ministerial Non-Gazetted	250—15—400	Supervision of the work of various sections as allocated by the Director.	2	25%	...	75%	...
Technical Assistant (Hindi).	Do.	160—10—330	1. Translation from Hindi and English <i>vice-versa</i> . 2. Any other duties allocated by the Director.	1	...	...	..	Transfer
Accountant	Do.]	Do.	1. To be Incharge of Accounts work. 2. To prepare the budget of I. I. S.R. and keep control over its expenditure.	1	50%	...	50%	...
Confidential Assistant.	Do.	Do.	Disposing of confidential and urgent papers in the camp while the Director is on tour.	1	...	...	100% by promotion falling which by direct recruitment.	...
Upper Division Clerks (including Senior Clerks) and Accounts Clerks	Do.	Rs. 80—5—120—E.B.—8—200—10/2—220	To work in the accounts establishment, Store purchase, Farm or any other Section.	8	50%	...	50%	25 years
Stenographer	Do.]	Do.	1. To work as Stenographer attached to the various officers. 2. To do any other correspondence work entrusted by the officer concerned.	5	50%	...	50%	...
Junior Clerks and Typists.	Do.	Rs. 60—3—81—E.B.—4—125—5—130	To work as Routine Clerk and Typist.	12	100%	...	...	...
Hindi Typist	Do.]	Do.	Typing in Hindi and any other clerical work allotted by the head of the office.	1	100%	...	...	...

DULX

Research, Lucknow

For direct recruitment only			For promotion/transfer only		
Age limit	Educational and other qualification required	Period of probation if any	Whether age and educational qualifications prescribed for direct recruitment will apply in case of appointment by promotion transfer	Grades/sources from which promotion/transfer are to be made	Composition of D.P.C.
10	11	12	13	14	15
40 years.	1. Graduate of any recognised University in India. 2. About 7 years experience in Establishment, Accounts and Stores Purchase work preferably in a Govt. Office.	1 years	Age relaxable. Educational qualifications relaxable for candidates with 3 years service in the next lower grade.	Promotion from Accountant/Technical Assistant (Hindi) Rs.160—10—330	1. Director—Chairman. 2. Five Senior Sectional Officers as Members, 3. Administrative Officer—Member—Secretary.
40 years.	At least Intermediate (with English as one of the subjects) and Prabhakar or its equivalent in Hindi, preferably well experience in translation work.	Do.	Yes	Qualified employees in the grade of Rs. 80—220 in Central Government Offices. If permanent U. D. Cs. of the Central Secretariat Clerical Cadre are selected for appointment to this post, they will be entitled to a special pay of Rs. 30/- only instead of 20 per cent of their grade pay while on deputation.	Do.
30 years.	Graduate, preferably in Commerce with at least 5 years' experience of Accounts work.	Do.	Do.	U. D. C. and Accounts Clerk in the scale of Rs. 80—5—120 H.B.—8—200—10/2—220.	Do.
30 years.	A degree preferably in Science. Must have a shorthand speed of 120 words per minute. Office experience for at least 5 years as P. A. or Stenographer desirable.	Do.	Age and educational qualifications relaxable for departmental candidates otherwise suitable.	By promotion from Stenographers.	Do.
25 years.	Graduate with Accounts and Office experience. Good knowledge of noting and office procedure essential.	Do.	Age relaxable. Educational qualifications relaxable for candidates with 3 year's service in next lower grade.	Junior Clerks and Store Keepers in the scale of Rs. 60—130.	Do.
25 years.	1. Matriculate 2. Speed 100 words per minute in shorthand and 40 words per minute in Typewriting.	Do.	Age relaxable.	Junior Clerks and typists who know Stenography.	Do.
25 years.	Matriculate with knowledge of typing.	Do.	...	...	..
25 years.	Matriculate with a typing speed of 25 words per minute in Hindi.	Do.	...	...	..

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Cashier	Class III Ministerial Non-Gazetted	Rs. 60—3—81— EB—4—125—5—130 (plus Rs. 15/- as a special pay).	To work as Cashier	1	..	100%	..	..	..
Store Keeper	Do.	Rs. 60—3— 81—EB— 4—125—5 130.	Receipt and Issue of Store.	5	100%	..	..	..	..
Farm Superintendent.	Class III Technical Non-Gazetted Non-Ministerial.	Rs. 200— 15—350.	Incharge of the Farm of the Institute.	1	50%]	..	50%	..	..
Engineering Research Assistant.	Do.	Do.	General Supervision of the workshop.	1	Do.*	..	Do.	..	..
Assistant Farm Superintendent.	Do.	Rs. 160— 10—330.	1. To assist the Farm Superintendent. 2. To supervise Farm operations.	1	Do.	..	Do.	..	..
Research Assistant	Do.	Do.	To assist Sectional Officers in the execution of Research projects.]	8	Do.	..	Do.	..	..
Statistical Assistant.	Do.	Do.]	Planning of Field experiments and Statistical analysis of research data.	1	100%	..	..	..	..
Senior Microbiological Assistant.	Do.	Do.]	To assist Sectional Officer in execution of Research work.	1	..	..	100% (if no suitable candidate is available under this category than by direct recruitment).	..	..

10	11	12	13	14	15
25 years.	Matriculate with office experience.	One year	Age relaxable.	From Junior Clerks	Do.
Do.	Matriculates with experience of handling stores.	Do.	...	...	Do.
35 years.	1. M.Sc. (Agri.) from a recognised University or B.Sc. (Agri.) and Associate of the I.A.R.I. (for equivalent diploma). 2. Should have experience of managing a Farm.	Do.	Only age relaxable. Minimum educational qualifications for departmental candidates, degree in Agriculture of a University or its equivalent.	Assistant Farm Superintendent in the scale of Rs. 160—10—330.	Do.
35 years.	B.Sc. (Engg.) with at least 2 years' experience of Farm cultivation. Diploma in Mechanical Engineering and 5 years experience in the management of a modern and well-equipped workshop.	Do.	Age relaxable.	From (Engineering Research Assistant in the scale of Rs. 160—10—330).]	Do.]
30 years.	1. B.Sc. (Agri.) from a recognised University or Associate of the I.A.R.I. (or equivalent diploma). 2. Should have experience of managing a farm.	Do.	Do.	Assistant Agriculture Inspector.	Do.
30 years.	1. M.Sc. or M.Sc. (Agri.) in the subject for which recruitment is to be made, or B.Sc. or B.Sc. (Agri.) with post-graduate diploma. 2. At least 3 years experience of Sugarcane Research. 3. For Engineering Section B.Sc. (Engg.) from a recognised University, preferably with experience of Agricultural Machinery.	Do.	Age relaxable. Educational qualifications not relaxable below B.Sc. (Agri.).	From Junior Scientific Assistant in the scale of Rs. 80—220.	Do.
30 years.	1. M.Sc. in Mathematics with Statistics or M.Sc. in Statistics. 2. Preference to a Diploma holder from Indian Standard Institute.	Do.	..	..	..
30 years.	M. Sc. or M.Sc. (Agri.) in Chemistry, or B.Sc., or B.Sc. (Agri.) with post-graduate diploma in Agricultural Chemistry with specialisation in Soil Microbiology, with 3 years Research experience.	Do.	Age relaxable. Educational qualifications not relaxable below B.Sc. (Agri.).	From Junior Scientific Assistant, Field Assistant and Laboratory Assistants, in the scale of Rs. 80—220 and Rs. 60—150.	Do.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Senior Soil Assistant.	Do.	Do.	Do.	1	..	..	Do.	..
Senior Physiological Assistant.	Do.	Do.	Do.	1	..	..	Do.	..
Senior Chemical Assistant.	Do.	Do.	Do.	1	..	..	Do. (if not suitable candidate is available under this category then by direct recruitment)	..
Senior Draftsman.	Do.	Do.	Preparation of detailed drawings of machine parts Agri. Implements and Machinery etc.	1	..	..	100%	..
Librarian	Do.	Do.	To be Incharge of Library.	1	100%	..	..	..
Mechanic	Do.	Rs. 150-7-185.	Maintenance and overhaul of Farm and Workshop machinery.	1	50%	..	50%	..
Milling Machine Operator.	Do.	Rs. 125-6-185.	Operating the Milling Machine.	1	Do.	..	Do.	..

10	11	12	13	14	15
30 years	M. Sc., or M. Sc. (Agri.) in Soil Chemistry, or B. Sc., or B. Sc. (Agri.) with post graduate Diploma in Soil Chemistry with 3 years Research experience.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
30 years	M. Sc., or M. Sc. (Agri.) in Botany or Chemistry with specialisation in Plant Physiology, or B. Sc. or B. Sc. (Agri.) with post graduate diploma in Plant Physiology with 3 years Research experience.	Do.	Do.	From Junior Scientific Assistant and Junior Chemical Assistants, in the scale of Rs. 80—220.	Do.
30 years	M. Sc. (Chemistry) or M. Sc. (Agri.) in Agricultural Chemistry or B. Sc. or B. Sc. (Agri.) with post graduate diploma in Agricultural Chemistry, with 3 years' research experience or B. Sc. (Agri.) or B. Sc. (with Chemistry), with 5 years experience of research in sugar or sugarcane Chemistry.	Do.	Age relaxable—qualifications not relaxable below B. Sc., or B. Sc. (Agri.)	From Junior Scientific Assistants, Junior Chemical Assistants, Laboratory Assistant, in the scale of 80—220 and Demonstration Assistant (Gur & Khandsari) in the scale of Rs. 120—220.	Do.
30 years	<i>Essential</i> .—1. Must have passed a Diploma course in draftsmanship with machine drawing as one of the main subjects from recognised Institution. 2. Must have at least three years experience as a mechanical draftsman in a Government office or Engineering firm of repute.	Do.	..	From permanent/Quasi-permanent Draftsman in the scale of Rs. 100—185.	Do.
30 years	<i>Essential</i> .—1. Graduate in Science or Agriculture. 2. Diploma or degree in Library Science from any recognised University or Institute. <i>Desirable</i> .—Experience as a Librarian in some Technical Institute.	Do.	...		
Do.	1. Must have a diploma in Mechanical or Automobile Engineering from any recognised institution, with at least 4 years practical experience in the maintenance and overhaul of tractors Farm Machinery and Pumping Plants, or must have minimum of 5 years practical experience in the maintenance and overhaul of tractors Agricultural implements and pumping plants. 2. Machine shop experience will be an additional qualifications.	Do.	...	From Milling machine operators Turners, Fitters, Drillers, Welders and Tractor Drivers, in the scale of Rs. 60—105.	Do.
Do.	Must have diploma of the Artisan class from any recognised institution.	Do.	...	From Turners, Fitters, Drillers, Welders, in the scale of Rs. 60—105.	Do.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.						
Demonstration Assistant.	Do.	120—8—200 —EB—10/2 —220.	To assist Sectional Officers in the execution of Research work.	1	..	..	100%	..
Draftsman . .	Do.	Rs. 100—5—125 —6—155— EB—6— 185.	Preparing layout charts, maps & graphs.	1	100%	..	..	..
Photographer-cum-Artist.	Do.	Do.	Drawing of diseased specimens of cane in ink and water colour, paints, photograph of diseased specimens, micro-photography-material mounted on slides, Map sketching and lettering.	1	Do.	..	..	..
Junior Scientific Assistant.	Do.	Rs. 80—5—120 —EB—8— —200—10/2 —220.	Field and Laboratory duties.	4	50%	..	50%	..
Senior Scientific Assistant.	Do.	Do.	Do.	1	Do.	..	Do.	..
Junior Chemical Assistant.	Do.	Do.	Laboratory duties	2	Do.	..	Do.	..
Artist-cum-Photographer.	Do.	Do.	Drawing of diseased specimens of cane in ink and water colour, paints, photography of diseased specimens, Micro-photography of material mounted on slides, Map sketching and lettering.	1	100%	..	..	..
Laboratory Assistant.	Do.	Do.	To assist Sectional Officer in the execution of Research work.	2	100%	..	..	..
Senior Computer.	Do.	Do.	To compile statistical data.	1	..	..	100% but if no suitable candidate available then by direct recruitment.	..
Setter & Pinner .	Do.	Do.	To work as a Setter and Pinner in Entomology Section. 2. To help the Research Assistant in co-ordination of Research Work.	1	50%	..	50%	..

10	11	12	13	14	15
30 years	<i>Essential</i> .—M.Sc. (Chem.) or B.Sc., with 2 years practical experience in a Gur & Khandasari Factory. <i>Desirable</i> .—A diploma in Sugar Technology from a recognised institute.	Do.	Age and Educational qualifications will not apply in the case of permanent/Quasi-permanent Laboratory Assistant.	Laboratory Assistant in the scale of Rs. 80—220.	Do.
Do.	1. Should possess a draftsman's diploma from any recognised institute. 2. Should have worked as a draftsman in a Govt. Office or Commercial Firm of good standing for a minimum of three years.	Do.	...	...	...
Do.	A Diploma or certificate of the School of Arts, proficiency in lettering, pencil drawing, water colour painting, oil painting, photography and Microphotography.	Do.	...	...	...
Do.	B.Sc. or B.Sc. (Agri.) with atleast three years' experience of sugarcane research in the required subject.	Do.	Age and Educational qualifications relaxable for departmental candidates with 3 years service in Junior Scientific Assistant grade.	From Junior Scientific Assistant in the scale of Rs. 60—150. Field Assistant in the scale of Rs. 60—150.	Do.
Do.	B.Sc., B.Sc. (Agri.) with at least three years' experience of research in the required subject.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
25 years	B.Sc. or B.Sc. (Agri.) with Chemistry as one of the optionals with 2 years experience of work in recognised Chemical Laboratory.	Do.	...	...	...
30 years	A Diploma or certificate of the School of Arts, proficiency in lettering, pencil drawing, water colour painting, oil painting, photography and Microphotography.	Do.	...	...	...
Do.	<i>Essential</i> .—M.Sc. (Chemistry) or B.Sc., with one year experience of analysis of sugar and other sugar factory products.	Do.	...	...	...
25 years	<i>Essential</i> .—Should be a graduate with Statistics or Mathematical Statistics as one of the subjects.	Do.	...	From permanent/Quasi-permanent; Junior Computer in the scale of Rs. 60—150.	Do.
30 years	<i>Essential</i> .—B.Sc., or B.Sc. (Agri.) with experience of handling large scale collection or insect pests of sugarcane, their rearing, preservation, setting and plinning etc.	Do.	Age and Educational Qualifications relaxable for departmental candidates with 3 years service in Junior Scientific Assistant/Field Assistant Grades.	From permanent Quasi-permanent Scientific Assistant/Field Assistant in the scale of Rs. 60—150.	Do.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
			Rs.					
Agriculture Inspector.	Do.	80—220— & 80—5—120.	To supervise Farm Operations.	2	100%	..	..	..
Assistant Agriculture Inspector.	Do.	80—5—120	Do. . .	1	100%	..	..	..
Laboratory Assistant.	Do.	60—4—120 —5—150.	Laboratory duties .	2	Do.	..	..	..
Field Assistant .	Do.	Do.	Experimental field work	6	50%	..	50%	..
Junior Scientific Assistant.	Do.	Do.	Do . .	1	100%	..	..	..
Computer . .	Do.	Do.	To compute Statistical Data.	1	100%	..	..	..
Truck-cum-Pumping Plant Driver	Do.	60—5/2—75 —EB—3— 105.	Running of Truck and Pumping plant.	1	100%	..	.	..
Driller .	Do.	Do.	Operating bench and Radial drills.	1	100%	..	..	..
Welder . .	Do.	Do.	Operating Gas and Arc Welding equipment.	1	100%	..	..	..
Fitter .	Do.	Do.	Bench Fitting .	1	50%	..	50%	..
Electrician . .	Do.	Do.	Attending to the Installation and maintenance of electric motors and electrical equipment.	1	50%	..	50%	..

10	11	12	13	14	15
30 years	Must be B.Sc., (Agr.) with at least two years' experience of Farm cultivation.	Do.	Age relaxable.	Assistant Agriculture Inspector.	Do.
Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
25 years	Inter. Sc. or Inter Sc. 'Agri' or Agricultural Diploma holders from a recognised Agricultural School with Science with at least 2 years' experience of laboratory work.	Do.	...	...
Do.	Inter. Sc. (Agr.) Inter. Sc. Biology or Diploma holder from any recognised agricultural School, with practical experience of field work.	Do.	...	From Fieldman and Field Attendants in the scale of Rs. 40-60 & Rs. 35-50.	Do.
Do.	Do.	Do.	...	..	...
Do.	Should be a Matriculate Ist Division. <i>Desirable</i> .—Should be able to operate Calculating Machine.	Do.	...	...	...
30 years	1. Should possess a valid licence for driving heavy transport vehicles. 2. Must have practical experience of at least 5 years as a heavy transport vehicle driver. 3. Should be able to operate oil-engine driven pump sets. 4. Should be literate, smart and polite in manners.	Do.	...	...	...
30 years	1. Must be able to understand simple engineering drawings. 2. Must have a minimum of 3 years' experience as a driller in any well equipped workshop. 3. Experience as bench-fitter or Machinist will be considered an additional qualification.	Do.	..	..	..
Do.	1. A Welder's Diploma from any recognised Institute. 2. A minimum of 5 year's experience both of Gas and Electric Welding in any well equipped and modern workshop.	Do.	Age relaxable.	..	..
Do.	1. Must have a Bench Fitter's Diploma from recognised Institute. 2. Must have minimum of 3 years' experience as Bench Fitter in any well equipped and Modern Workshop.	Do.	Do.	Fitter mate in the scale of Rs. 40-2-60	Do.
Do.	1. Must have an electrician's diploma from any recognised Institute. 2. Must have minimum of 3 years' experience in testing installation and repairs of electric motors instruments and other electric equipments.	Do.	Age relaxable:	Switch Board Attendant in scale of Rs. 40-60.	Do:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Turner . . .	Do.	Do.	Operating lathes.	1	100%	..	..	..	..
Tractor Drivers	Do.	Do.	Operating farm Tractor	2	50%	..	50%	..	..
Senior Carpenter	Do.	Do.	To work as carpenter in the Workshop and Institute.	1	100%	..	..	..	..
Tube-well Operator	Do.	Do.	To operate Tube-Well	1	100%	..	..	..	..
Gas-Mistri . .	Do.	Do.	To operate plants .	1	100%	..	..	..	..
Tin-Smith . . .	Do.	Do.	To work as Tin-Smith	1	100%	..	..	..	..
Head Mistry . .	Do.	Do.	Maintenance and overhauling of different machineries used in Gur and Khandasari factory etc.	1	100%	..	..	..	..

10	11	12	13	14	15
Do.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Must have a turner's diploma from any recognised Institute. 2. A minimum of 3 years' experience as a turner on Heavy lathes with all geared head stock in a well equipped and modern workshop. 3. Experience as bench fitter will be considered an additional qualification. 	Do.	..	..	..
Do.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A minimum of 5 years' experience in the operation of both wheel and track type tractors. 2. An elementary knowledge of the mechanism of tractors. 3. A good physique. 4. A valid licence for driving tractors. 5. Experience in the handling of the earth moving machinery and/or possession of a valid licence for driving heavy transport vehicle will be considered as an additional qualification. 	Do.	Age relaxable if otherwise fit.	Promotion from Tractor cleaners in the scale of Rs. 40-2-60.	..
Do.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Must have a minimum of 5 years' experience as a Carpenter in a well equipped and modern workshop or in firm of Cabinet maker. 2. Must be able to understand simple engineering drawing. 	Do.	..	..	..
Do.	<p><i>Essential</i>.—Must be a qualified general Mechanic.</p> <p><i>Desirable</i>.—Three years' experience of erection and operation of motors and pumps of pipe fitting.</p>	Do.	..	..	..
Do.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <i>Essential</i>.—Must be a qualified general Mechanic or automobile Mechanic. 2. <i>Desirable</i>.—Three Years' experience of operating electric motors. 	Do.	..	..	..
25 years	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Must have a Tin-smith diploma from any recognised Institute. 2. Must have a minimum of 3 years' experience in any recognised workshop. 3. Experience as a copper smith will be an additional qualification. 	Do.	..	..	..
30 years	<p><i>Essential</i>.—Must have passed a course for general mechanics from a recognised Institute and must have at least 2 years practical experience as general mechanic in a sugar factory or Engineering Workshop.</p> <p><i>Desirable</i>.—Experience in the erection of machinery.</p>	Do.	..	..	..

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Rs.								
Turner Fitter	Do.	50-2-60-5/2-75	Operating	1	..	..	100 %	..
..								
Jeep Driver	Do.	Do.	Running of Jeep	1	100%	..	..	..
Fitter	Class IV	40-2-60	Generally as an [Assistant.]	2	50 %	..	50 %	..
Switch Board Attendant.	Do.	Do.	General as an Assistant Electrician.	1	100 %	..	..	..
Tractor Cleaners	Do.	Do.	To help the tractor driver in tractor maintenance.	2	50 %	..	50 %	..
Gestetner-Operator	Do.	Do.	To operate the Gestetner Duplicating Machine.	1	..	..	100 % (To be recruited from outside if no candidate by promotion available).	..
Field man	Do.	40-1-50-2-60	1. To work as Field-man under Farm and Agronomist. 2. To supervise the field work as desired by the Farm Superintendent. 3. To take work from labourers.	5	50 %	..	50 %	..
Time-keeper	Do.	Do.	1. Taking of attendance. 2. Preparation of Chitta and other allied items.	1	100 %	..	..	..
Black Smith	Do.	Do.	1. To work as a Blacksmith.	1	100 %	..	..	..

10	11	12	13	14	15
Do.	Essential. —Must have a Turner's Diploma from a recognised Institute. Must have experience of having worked both as a Turner and as a Fitter in an Engineering Workshop covering a period of not less than 2 years.	Do.	Age and qualification will not apply in the case of permanent/Quasi Permanent Fitter Coolies in the scale of Rs. 30-1/2-35.	Fitter Coolies in the scale of Rs. 30-1/2-35	Do.
Do.	1. Should possess a valid licence for driving transport Vehicles. 2. Must have practical experience of at least 5 years as a transport vehicles driver. 3. Should be able to operate oil engine driven pump sets. 4. Should be literate, smart and polite in manners.	Do.	..	..	..
30 Years	1. Must be able to understand simple engineering drawings. 2. Must have at least 3 years' experience as Bench Fitter in any well equipped and modern workshop.	6 months	Age relaxable	From workers of workshop below scale of Rs. 40-2-60.	Do.
Do.	1. Must have a Wireman's licence and at least 5 years' practical experience as a wireman and Switch Board Attendant in any large electric engineering concern. 2. Experience of erection of overhead lines will be an additional qualification.	Do.	..	..	..
Do.	1. Must possess good physique. 2. Must have worked as a cleaner of motor vehicle for at least 2 years. 3. Possession of a valid licence for driving tractors will be an additional qualification.	Do.	Age relaxable if otherwise fit.	Promotion from tractor cleaner in the scale of Rs. 30-1-35.	Do.
Do.	Essential — 1. Should have passed VIII Class examination. 2. Should possess a certificate of proficiency in operation of Gestetner Duplicators. Desirable 3. Should have at least one year experience of operating Gestetner Duplicator.	Do.	Age and Educational qualifications relaxable upto VIII Class pass only.	From Daftry/Peons in the scale of 35-1-50/30-1-35.	Do.
25 years	1. Experience of work as field-man, supervision of filed for at least 2 years. 2. Should possess knowledge of Agricultural cropping specially sugarcane etc. 3. Should be able to read and write.	Do.	..	From Field Attendant, Field Jamedars and Field counters in the scale of Rs. 35-1-50.	Do.
Do.	1. Should have worked as Time-Keeper or Office Assistant in Government Office or private firm of repute for at least three years. 2. Must be middle pass.	Do.	..	..	..
30 years	1. Must have good physique 2. Must have a minimum of 5 years experience as Blacksmith in any well equipped and modern workshop. 3. Must be able to understand simple engineering drawing. 4. Experience as a Power hammer operator will be an additional qualification.	Do.	..	..	..

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.						
Junior Carpenter	Do. .	Do. .	To work as Carpenter in the Workshop and Institute.	1	100 %	..	..	..
Store-mate. .	Do. .	Do. .	Generally as Assistant Store Keeper.		50 %	..	50 %	..
Field-Counter .	Do. .	35—1—50	To work in field and carrying out the scheduled programme of the section.	3	50 %	..	50 %	..
Daftry . .	Do. .	Do. .	To work as Daftry .	2	50 %		50 %	..
Book Sorter .	Do. .	Do. .	To arrange books, in library and issue and receive them.	1	50 %	..	50 %	..
Laboratory Attendant.	Do. .	35—1—50 30—1—35	To work as Attendant in field and Laboratory.	8	50 %	..	50 %	..
Jamadar (Field) .	Do. .	35—1—50	Supervision of Labour	6	100 %	..	..	..
Field Attendant .	Do. .	Do. .	To work in field and carrying out the scheduled programme of the section concerned.	5	100 %	..	..	..
Workshop Coolie	Do. .	Do. .	To work as Coolie in the Workshop.	2	..	..	100 %	..
Museum Attendant	Do. .	Do. .	To look after the Museum Articles and clean them.	1	100 %	..	..	..

10	11	12	13	14	15
Do.	1. Must have a minimum of 5 years experience as a Carpenter in a well equipped and modern workshop or in firm of Cabinet maker. 2. Must be able to understand simple engineering Drawing.	Do.	..	..	..
Do.	1. Must be able to read and write English. 2. Must know the names and be able to recognise common engineering tools.	Do.	..	From workshop Coolie in the scale of Rs. 35-1-50.	Do.
25 years	1. Should be VIII Class passed. 2. Experience of cane cultivation for at least two years. 3. An Agricultural Diploma holder or High School with Agriculture will be given preference.	6 months	..	From the workers at the Farm in scale below Rs. 35-1-50.	Do.
Do.	1. Should be VIII Class passed. 2. Should have worked as Daftri in any Govt. Office or a private firm of repute for at least two years.	Do.	..	From the peons in the scale of Rs. 30-35.	Do.
Do.	<i>Essential</i> — Must have passed VIII Class in English with at least 2 years experience of work as book sorter or should have passed High School.	Do.	..	From the peons in the scale of Rs. 30-35.	Do.
Do.	1. VIII Class Passed 2. Should be able to attend Laboratory work and filed work. 3. Should have working experience as a Lab. or Field Coolie or Mate for at least 2 years.	Do.	..	Do.	Do.
D O.	1. VIII Class passed (preferably). 2. Should have worked as Fieldman for at least two years in a Govt. farm or private farm.	Do.	..	..	..
Do.	1. Should be at least VIII Class passed. 2. Experience of cane cultivation for at least two years.	Do.	..	..	..
Do.	1. Must have a good physique. 2. Must know the names and be able to recognise common Engineering tools.	Do.	..	From workshop coolie in the scale of Rs. 30-1-35.	Do.
Do.	<i>Essential</i> — 1. Must have passed VIII Class. 2. Must have at least two years experience as attendant in a Biological Laboratory. <i>Desirable</i> — 1. Experience as Museum attendant will be an additional qualification.	Do.	..	..	..

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
			Rs.					
Seedling Attendant	Do. .	Do. .	To attend the seedling and take care of them.	1	100 %	..	..	..
Dark Room Attendant.	Do. .	Do. .	To help the Developing and printing of photographs.	1	100 %	..	..	..
Cattle Attendant.	Do. .	30-4-35	To attend the cattle as directed by the Farm Superintendent.	2	100 %	..	..	..
Tonga Driver .	Do. .	Do. .	To drive the Tonga .	1	100 %	..	..	..
Ploughman .	Do. .	Do. .	Ploughing and other Craft duties.	12	100 %	..	..	..
Pneumatic Hammer Operator.	Do. .	Do. .	Operating Hammer .	1	100 %	..	..	..
Store Coolie .	Do. .	Do. .	1. Work as Store Coolie under the Store Keeper. 2. To issue materials, tools, implements etc, as per instructions of the Store Keeper.	1	100 %	..	..	..
Watchman (Crop)	Do. .	Do. .	Watching of Institute's property.	8	100 %	..	..	..
Truck-Cleaner .	Do. .	Do. .	To help the truck driver.	1	100 %	..	..	..
Peons . .	Do. .	Do. .	To work in the section concerned as peon.	17	100 %	..	..	..
Chowkidar . .	Do. .	Do. .	To Watch and Ward the Govt. property.	12	100 %	..	..	..
Workshop Coolie	Do. .	Do. .	To work as Coolie in the Workshop.	2	100 %	..	..	..

10	11	12	13	14	15
do.	VIII Class passed with at least 1 two years experience of Agricultural Farm Operations.	do.	..	..	..
30 years	<i>Essential.</i> Should be VIII Class. <i>Desirable.</i> Should have working experience of developing and printing of photograph for at least one year.	do.	..	..	..
25 years	Should have worked for two years as Animal Keeper in a Govt. or Private Dairy.	do.	..	..	..
do.	1. Must know the art of driving and maintaining the Horse and Tonga. 2. Should also possess the driving licence.	do.	..	..	..
do.	Should have experience of working as Agricultural labourers specially plough men for at least two years.	do.	..	..	..
do.	1. Must possess a good physique. 2. A minimum of 3 years experience as a power hammer operator in any well equipped and modern workshop. 3. Experience as black-smith will be considered as an additional qualification.	do.	..	..	..
do.	Should be atleast VIII Class passed and should have experience of working as Store Attendant, Store mate or Coolie, in any store of Govt. office or private firm for atleast two years. 2. Should have the knowledge of understanding the store articles.	do.	..	..	..
do.	1. Should have worked either in Govt. Office or any private firm as a Chowkidar for at least two years. 2. Good Physique.	do.	..	..	..
do.	1. Good physique 2. Should have worked as a Peon either in Govt. office or private firm for at least 2 years.	do.	..	..	..
do.	1. Should have passed VIII Class. 2. Should have worked as Peon either in Govt. office or private firm for atleast 2 years.	do.	..	..	..
do.	1. Should have experience of working as Chowkidar either in Govt. Office or private firm or mills for at least 2 years.	do.	..	..	..
do.	1. Must have a good physique. 2. Must know the names and be able to recognise common Engineering tools.	do.	..	..	..

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Store Attendant .	Do. .	30-1-35 35-1-50	Working as Store- Attendant.	2	Rs. 100 %	..	..	..
Fitter Coolie .	Do. .	30-1-35	To assist the Head Mistri and Fitter.	1	100 %	..	..	..
Barash . . .	Do. .	Do. .	To clean office tables and chairs. 1. To supervise clean- ing rooms and the building by sweepers. 3. To be responsible for opening and clos- ing of office rooms etc.	1	100 %	..	..	..
Mali . . .	Do. .	Do. .	To work as Gardener .	1	100 %	..	..	..
Sweeper . . .	Do. .	Do. .	To clean the floor rooms and building of the Institute.	3	100 %	..	..	..
<i>Under Gur Grading Scheme.—</i>								
Research Assistant	Non- Gazetted Non- Ministerial Class III.	160-10-330	To assist sectional officer in the execution of re- search project relat- ing to Gur and Khandasari.	3	100 %	..	..	..
Sample Collector	Do. .	60-3-81- EB-4-125 -5-130	To collect gur samples.	1	100 %	..	..	..
Junior Research Assistant.	Do. .	80-5-120 -EB-8- 200-10/2- 220.	Field and Labour duties	2	100 %	..	..	..

NOTE.—(a) Age limit relaxable for direct recruitment in favour of exceptional categories of persons, e.g., Schedule

(b) Appointment made otherwise than by promotion shall be subject to the order regarding communal representa-

10	11	12	13	14	15
do.	Passed VIII Standard and experience of handling different types of stores. Must know cycling. Preference will be given to persons with higher educational qualifications.	do.	..	..	..
do.	<i>Essential.</i> Should have a Fitter's Diploma or 2 years practical experience of working as a Fitter Coolie in a Sugar Factory or workshop.	do.	..	..	..
do.	Should have worked either in any Govt. office or private firm as Frash for about a year.	do.	..	..	..
30 years	Experience in gardening for three years.	do.	..	..	..
25 years	Should have worked as Sweeper for about two years.	do.	..	..	..
30 years	<i>Essential.</i> Master's of equivalent. Honours degree in Chemistry or Degree in Science followed by a Diploma in Sugar Technology from a recognised institution. <i>Desirable.</i> Experience of analysis of samples.	1 year	..	..	..
25 years	<i>Essential.</i> Degree in Science with Chemistry or Industrial Chemistry.	do.	..	..	..
do.	<i>Essential.</i> B.Sc. with Chemistry <i>Desirable.</i> 2 years experience of lab. work, preferably in Sugar or Khandsari Factory.	do.	..	..	..

Castes/Tribes, Displaced persons, etc. to the extent granted by the Govt. of India, Ministry of Home Affairs.
tion issued by the Govt. of India, Ministry of Home Affairs, from time to time.

[No. 4-65/57.S.Cane Instt.]

New Delhi, the 4th October 1958

G.S.R. 936.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 8 of the Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1957, the President hereby directs that the following further amendments shall be made in the notification No. S.R.O. 2235, dated the 14th June, 1957, of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Department of Agriculture) namely:—

In the said notification,

(I) *Under Head. (a) Indian Institute of Sugarcane Research.*—

- (a) in sub-head (i) Central Civil Posts, Class I, after the entry "Agronomist", the entry "Gur Chemist" shall be inserted; and
- (b) in sub-head (ii) Central Civil Posts, Class II, after the entry "Assistant Entomologist", the entry "Soil Survey Officer (Non-ministerial)" shall be inserted;

(2) *Under Head (b) Sugarcane Breeding Institute.*—

- in sub-head (ii) Central Civil Posts, Class II, after the entry "Entomologist", the entry "Assistant Entomologist non-ministerial)" shall be inserted.

[No. 4-56/58. SS. Cane Instt.]

S. D. UDHRAIN, Under Secy.

(Department of Agriculture)

New Delhi, the 3rd October 1958

G.S.R. 937.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 59 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules for recruitment to the General Central Service Class III and IV posts at the Tractor Training Centre, Budni (Madhya Pradesh), namely:—

THE GENERAL CENTRAL SERVICE CLASS III AND IV POSTS (TRACTOR TRAINING CENTRE, BUDNI) RULES, 1958.

1. Short title and commencement.—(i) These rules may be called the General Central Service Class III and IV posts (Tractor Training Centre, Budni) Rules, 1958.

(ii) They shall come into force at once.

2. Method of recruitment.—Recruitment to the General Central Service Class III and IV posts at the Tractor Training Centre, Budni (Madhya Pradesh), shall be made in accordance with the provisions contained in the Schedule hereto annexed.

Name of posts	Its classification whether gazetted or non-gazetted and whether Ministerial or non-Ministerial.	Scale of Pay	Duties	No. of posts	Percentage of posts to be filled by		
					Direct recruitment	Promotion by Seniority-cum-fines	Transfers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1. Training Assistant.	Class III Non-gazetted Non-Ministerial.	Rs. 200—10—300	1. To impart instructions to the trainees on the maintenance, operation, repairs and proper use of tractors and other Farm machinery. 2. To impart instruction in farm practices and their actual application in the field etc. 3. To assist Officer In-charge, Tractor Training Centre, by undertaking such duties from time to time as may in the opinion of the Officer In-charge be required to run the institution.	4	50% by direct recruitment.	..	50% by transfer of qualified personnel from CTO or other Departments.
2. Shop and Field Mechanic.	Class III Non-gazetted Non-Ministerial.	Rs. 100—5—125—6—155.	1. Running repairs, adjustments, maintenance and operation of tractors and equipment in the field. 2. Major overhauling and repairs to tractors and Farm machinery in the workshop. 3. Handling and correction of precision tools connected with heavy repairs etc. 4. To assist Officer In-charge, T.T.C. by undertaking such duties from time to time as may in the opinion of the O I/C be required to run the institution.	6	25% by direct recruitment.	..	75% by transfer of Junior Mechanic by Selection from CTO out of those who have put in at least 3 yrs. service as Jr. Mechanic.
3. Cook	Class IV	Rs. 30—35	To cook meals for the trainees. To perform such general duties as the Officer In-charge T.T.C. may detail him from time to time to run the institution.	3	100% by direct recruitment.	..	..
4. Waterman	Class IV	-do-	To procure and supply water at the Centre.	3	-do-	..	..

NOTE.—The upper age limit prescribed for direct recruitment shall be relaxed in the case of Scheduled Castes issued from time to time by the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs.

DUR

For direct recruitment only			For promotion/Transfer only		
Age limits	Educational or other qualifications required	Period of probation if any	Whether age and educational qualification prescribed for direct recruitment will apply in case of appointment by promotion/transfer	Grades/sources from which promotion/transfers are to be made.	Compositions of D. P. C.
10	11	12	13	14	15
25-30 years relaxable by the appointing authority.	A diploma or degree in mechanical or automobile or Electrical Engineering or a degree in Agriculture with Agri. Bagg. as one of the subjects or its equivalent with 5 years field or shop experience. Ability to express themselves and a sound knowledge of fundamentals.	one year	(1) Age limit prescribed for direct recruitment will not apply in case of appointment made by transfer. (2) Educational qualification will be relaxable at the discretion of the appointing authority.	From Chargeman working in CTO in the grade of Rs. 200-10-300 while in the case of other departments from personnel fulfilling the prescribed qualifications.	CTO
20-25 relaxable by appointing authority.	A certificate of recognised course of training in shop mechanics or 5 to 10 yrs. practical experience in large concerns dealing with overhaul repairs to tractors, automobiles and Agri. equipment in large organisations like CTO. Should be able to read and write English with some proficiency.	one year	-do-	From Junior mechanics working in the CTO.	As constituted by the Competent authority.
18-25	Essential : previous experience in line. Should preferably know one Indian language.	6 months.	..	..	..
-do-	Essential : previous experience in line. Should preferably read and write one Indian language.	-do-	..	..	..

Scheduled Tribes, displaced persons and other special categories in accordance with the general orders

[No. 4-3/58-MY.]

GURBACHAN SINGH, Under Secy.

(Department of Agriculture)*New Delhi, the 6th October 1958*

G.S.R. 938.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 52 of the Agricultural Produce (Development and Warehousing) Corporations Act, 1956 (28 of 1956), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the Agricultural Produce (Development and Warehousing) Corporations Rules, 1956, namely:—

In the said Rules:—

- (1) in rule 6, in sub-rule (1), after the words "from the date on which it is accepted", the words "by the Central Government or on the expiry of a period of one month from the date of its receipt by the Central Government, whichever is earlier" shall be inserted;
- (2) in rule 13, after the words "Executive Committee" at the end, the words "or on the expiry of a period of one month from the date of its receipt by the Secretary, whichever is earlier" shall be inserted;
- (3) in rule 32, in sub-rule (3), the last sentence shall be omitted.

[No. 1-9/56-Coop. I.]

R. VENGU, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT & COMMUNICATIONS**(Departments of Communications & Civil Aviation)***New Delhi, the 24th September 1958*

G.S.R. 939.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 4 and 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (13 of 1885), and in supersession of all existing orders on the subject, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules for the conduct of Wireless telegraph transmitting and receiving stations, in the amateur service, established, maintained or worked in India by persons licensed under the said Act.

RULES

1. Short title and Commencement.—(i) These rules may be called the Indian Wireless Telegraphy (Amateur Service) Rules, 1958.

(ii) They shall come into force on the 1st day of January 1959.

2. Definitions.—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires:—

- (i) "amateur service" means a service of self training intercommunication and technical investigations carried on by amateurs that is, by persons duly authorised under these rules interested in radio technique solely with a personal aim and without pecuniary interest;
- (ii) "amateur licence" means a licence for a type of wireless telegraph transmitting and receiving station in the amateur service;
- (iii) "wireless telegraphy" or "radio telegraphy" includes wireless telephony or radio telephony.

3. Necessity for licence.—No person shall operate an Amateur wireless telegraph Station except under and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the appropriate licence under these rules.

4. Categories of Amateur Licences.—There shall be two categories of licences in the amateur service, namely:

- (i) Amateur Wireless Telegraph Station Licence, Grade I;
- (ii) Amateur Wireless Telegraph Station Licence, Grade II.

5. Application for licence.—Every application for a licence, whether Grade I or Grade II, shall be made to the Central Government in Annexure I and shall be accompanied by an undertaking to the effect that the transmitting apparatus shall be operated in accordance with these rules and that the installation shall not be made accessible to any unauthorised person at any time.

6. Eligibility for licence.—A person who

- (a) is a citizen of India,
- (b) is not less than 18 years of age, and
- (c) is in possession of a valid first, second or special class Radio Telegraph competency issued by the Director General, Posts & Telegraphs or the Central Government or has passed the examination for Amateur Central Government or has passed the examination for Amateur Station Operator's Certificate,* Grade I or Grade II, as the case may be,

shall be eligible for a licence:

Provided that:

- (i) The Central Government may grant a licence to nationals of foreign countries subject to such conditions as it may determine;
- (ii) applications from *bona fide* experimenters between the ages of 16 and 18 years may be considered for the grant of amateur licence (Grade II), if they are accompanied by a certificate from the head of the educational institution attended by the candidate or from his legal guardian that the applicant is interested in and competent to conduct experiments in wireless telegraphy and if they are otherwise qualified;
- (iii) a Grade II license shall not be granted to an amateur club.

*The syllabi for the examinations for both the grades of the certificate are printed as Appendix I and Appendix II.

7. Grant of Licence.—Every licence, Grade I or Grade II, shall be in the form in Annexure II.

8. Period of validity.—A licence granted under these rules shall be valid upto the 31st December of the year in which it is granted:

Provided that a licence issued between the 1st November and the 31st December of any year shall be valid up to the 31st December of the following year.

9. Fee.—A fee of Rs. 15/- shall be payable for a licence in Grade I and of Rs. 10/- for a licence in Grade II. The fee shall be paid to the Central Government on receipt of instructions from that Government and in the manner directed by it.

No holder of a licence shall be entitled to a refund of fees paid therefor on the ground of his inability to make full use of the licence.

10. Renewal of licence.—A licence may be renewed for one year at a time on payment of a fee of Rs. 15/- or Rs. 10/- as the case may be. An application for renewal shall be made at least one month before the expiry of the licence and the fee shall be paid along with the application. It shall not be obligatory for the Central Government to send a notice to the licensee to pay the renewal fees.

Provided that a licence in Grade II shall not be renewed if it has been in force for a total period of three years.

11. Loss of licence.—In the event of loss of a licence, the licensee shall immediately send a report to the Central Government of the circumstances in which the licence was lost.

12. Duplicate licence.—Where a licence is lost, a duplicate licence may be granted on payment of a fee of Rs. 5/-.

13. Cancellation of licence.—A licence may be cancelled, if

- (1) the licence is lost on account of the negligence of the licensee, or
- (2) it has not been renewed, or the renewal fee not paid, within the prescribed time;

Provided that, before cancelling a licence, the licensee shall be given an opportunity to make his objections.

14. Licence when transferable.—A licence shall not be transferable; but the Central Government may permit the transfer of a Grade I licence granted to the Executive Officer of a Wireless Telegraph Amateur Club in favour of his successor, if such successor is eligible to hold a Grade I license.

15. Operation of Station.—No person other than the licensee shall operate an Amateur Wireless Telegraph Station:

Provided that

- (a) in the presence of the licensee himself, the station may be operated by another licensee holding a valid grade I or grade II licence.
- (b) the amateur wireless telegraph station established by a person in his capacity as an executive of a amateur Wireless Telegraphy club may also be operated by a person holding a valid first, second or special class Radio Telegraph Operator's Certificate and license or non-commercial certificate of competency or an Amateur Station Operator's Certificate (Grade I) or an Amateur Station Operator's Certificate (Grade II) with the prior permission of the Central Government in writing, in respect of every such person.

16. Surrender of license.—A licence which is cancelled or which has expired shall be surrendered to the Central Government.

17. Only one licence to be granted.—No person shall be granted more than one licence at a time:

Provided that the Central Government may relax this rule in the case of a person who is the Executive Officer of an amateur club and who is eligible to hold a licence in Grade I.

18. Penalty for breach of these rules.—Any breach of these rules, other than a breach which is an offence under sections 20 or 21 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885, shall be punishable with fine which may extend:

- (i) when the person is licensed under the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885, to one thousand rupees and in the case of a continuing breach a further fine of two hundred rupees for every day after the first during the whole or any part of which the breach continues;
- (ii) when a servant of the person so licensed or another person is punishable for the breach, to one fourth of the amounts specified in clause (i).

ANNEXURE I

Application for a licence to establish, maintain and work an amateur wireless telegraph station.

(See Rule 5)

1. Name of applicant (in Block Capitals):

Address:

Age:

Occupation:

Nationality (evidence of nationality and two written references as to character should be enclosed).

Father's name & home address:

2. Scientific qualification (if any) of applicant. Particulars of any experience in working wireless telegraph transmitting apparatus,

Particulars of certificates of Competency as wireless operator held by applicant,
Speed at which applicant can send and receive in the Morse Code.

Particulars of Amateur License, if any, held by the applicant.

Particulars of previous applications, if any, made by the applicant for issue of Amateur Licence.

3. Type of licence applied for:—

Amateur wireless telegraph station licence (Grade I).

Amateur Wireless telegraph station Licence (Grade II).

Particulars of apparatus to be used:—

(a) Transmitting:—

The trade name of the set in the case of a standard set bearing a recognised trade name. (Diagrams to be furnished and attached to this form).

(b) Receiving:—

(c) Antenna:—

(including sketch & dimensions and means of support).

5. (i) Power in watts to be used for transmission (A).

(ii) Maximum watts at input to aerial (if measured).

(iii) Source of power supply (B).

(a) Measured at input

Volts..... Amperes.....

(b) D/C or A/C

(c) Cycles per second (A/C)

Volts..... Emperes.....

(b) D/C or A/C.....

(c) Cycles per second (A/C)

(A) Power is measured at the input to the anode circuit of the final RF amplifier.

(B) If batteries are used, state kind:

(In the case of secondary cells, state capacity and maximum discharge rate. If a local generator is used, state maximum power available, voltage and type of current (AC/DC) and in the case of AC, state periodicity also. If commercial mains power source type employed, maximum power available, voltage and type of current (AC/DC) and in the case of AC, state periodicity also).

6. Exact location of station:

7. Frequencies it is desired to use.

Transmitting Kc/s
..... Kc/s
..... Kc/s

Receiving Kc/s
..... Kc/s
..... Kc/s

8. Frequency range over which apparatus is capable of being adjusted.

Transmitting Kc/s
..... Kc/s
..... Kc/s
Receiving Kc/s
..... Kc/s
..... Kc/s

9. Centre at which the applicant desires to be examined in his proficiency as Amateur Wireless Station Operator:

(Grade I).

(Grade II).

BOMBAY/CALCUTTA/DELHI/MADRAS/NAGPUR.

DECLARATION

I undertake to observe the conditions of the licence and hereby certify that the apparatus herein described can and will be worked in accordance with the provisions of the Indian Wireless Telegraphy (Amateur Service) Rules, 1958.

Signature of Applicant

Date

DECLARATION TO OBSERVE SECRECY

I do solemnly and sincerely declare that I will not, without authorisation, divulge to any person the purport of any message, other than a message intended for the general use of the public, which I may transmit or receive by means of any radio-telegraph or radio-telephone apparatus operated by me or which may come to my knowledge in connection with the operation of the said apparatus.

Place

Signature of Declarant

Witness.....

Date.....

This application, when completed, should be forwarded to the Adviser, Wireless Planning & Coordination, Ministry of Transport and Communications, Government of India, New Delhi.

ANNEXURE II

Licence No.

Dated, New Delhi, the.....

INDIAN TELEGRAPH ACT, 1885

Licence to establish, maintain and work an Amateur Wireless Telegraph Station in India

(See Rule 7)

Shri.....of.....is hereby licensed to establish, maintain and work a wireless telegraph transmitting and receiving station in the Amateur Service as per details stated below.

The license is granted under the authority of Section 4 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885.

The license is governed by the Indian Wireless Telegraphy (Amateur Service) Rules, 1958.

Particulars of the licence

- (i) Type of the licence granted in the Amateur Service
- (ii) Location of the Station
- (iii) Authorised operators
- (iv) Call Sign

Power	Allotted bands for Amateur Service (Kc/s)	Frequencies (Kc/s)	Designation of emission permitted
-------	---	-----------------------	---

Issued on behalf of the Central Government.

Wireless Planning & Coordination,
Ministry of Transport & Communications,
(Department of Commns. & Civ. Aviation)

Instructions.—To establish, maintain or work an Amateur Station without a valid licence or the failure to comply with any conditions of the licence constitutes an offence under the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885.

2 Prior permission of the central Government should be obtained before the station is established at a new address. The licence should be sent to the Central Government for amendment of the address in such case.

6. Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to relieve the licensee of any responsibility for any infringement of patent rights which may be incurred by the use of the licensed apparatus.

(Grade I & Grade II)

No gaps shall be left between entries in the log:—

Date	Time	Type of emission	Freq.	From	To	Record of tests or Experiments	Signature
------	------	------------------	-------	------	----	--------------------------------	-----------

VII. Receiver.—The station shall always be equipped for the reception of signals sent on frequencies in current use at the station at any time by means of continuous wave telegraphy, telephony and any other type of emission authorized in Condition II.

VIII. (a) Messages.—Communications shall be sent only to stations which are actually cooperating in the Licensee's experiments. They may be sent to such amateur station in this country and also in countries abroad (except where the Administration of a country has prohibited communications of this nature). Communication shall be in plain language and limited to messages of (i) a technical nature relating to tests and (ii) to remarks of a personal character for which, by reason of their unimportance recourse would not normally be made to the public telecommunication systems. Special gramophone records for reproducing modulations of other types of definite tones may be used for test purposes. Gramophone records may also be used on the condition that only one such record is used during the course of any day and the period of any transmission shall be limited as in condition (VI).

(b) The use of the apparatus for sending false or misleading calls, or signals, news, advertisements, communications of business statements on topics of political or industrial controversy or any matter which is indecent or obscene or of a seditious tendency or such as is likely to arouse racial, religious, or communal animosity, messages for pecuniary reward or any messages for, or on behalf of, a third party is expressly forbidden. Messages like the reproduction of broadcast programmes or transmissions of entertainment value shall not be sent over the licensed apparatus.

(c) The Licensee shall not receive any payment (either direct or indirect) for the use of the station or allow the station to be controlled by or used for the purposes of any social or political organization.

IX. Secrecy of Correspondence.—If any message which the Licensee is not entitled to receive is, nevertheless, received the Licensee shall not make known or allow to be made known its contents, its origin or destination, its existence or the fact of its receipt to any person (other than a duly authorised Officer of the Central Government or a competent legal tribunal) and shall not reproduce in writing, copy or make any use of such message or allow the same to be reproduced in writing, copied or made use of.

X. Call Signal.—The prefix or nationality, i.e. "VU" shall invariably be included in the call sign which may be sent either morse telegraphy at a speed not greater than (.....) words per minute or telephonically if the station is authorized to use telephony.

The call signal shall be sent for identification purpose at the beginning and at the end of each period of sending.

In calling another station the call signal of that station shall be sent and may be repeated throughout a period of not more than one minute, after which the signal "DE" shall be sent once and the call signal of the calling station three times. This procedure may be repeated but the time taken in calling shall not exceed three minutes without an interval during which the operator shall listen in the band of frequencies in which the call has been made.

In answering a call the call signal of the calling station shall be sent three times, the signal "DE" once and call signal of the answering station three times.

The use of the general call "CQ" is permitted. The word "test" followed by word 'from' of the procedure signal "DE" and the call signal of the Licensee's station may be sent out when essential for the Licensee's experiments, but this method of calling shall not be continued in any case when a reply is not received from another experimental station within 15 minutes.

When telephony is used the letters of the call signals may be confirmed by the pronunciation of well-known words of which the initial letters are the same as those in the call signals but words used, in this manner shall not be of facetious character nor be capable of undesirable misinterpretation.

XI. Inspection.—The station shall be subject to the approval of the Central Government and together with the Licensee and the record of transmissions shall be open to inspection at all times by duly authorised officers of the Central Government who shall prove their identity on request. Record of transmissions, this

license, and any other data or information pertaining to the station shall be sent to the Central Government, whenever called upon to do so.

XII. Aerial.—Aerial installations shall not cause hazard to flight of aircraft and their heights shall be within the limits specified in Annex 10 to the Convention on International Civil Aviation published by the International Civil Aviation Organisation. If the Central Government so directs, the licensee of an amateur station shall install and maintain beacon lights on and paint the masts of the station. The jobs shall be executed in the manner prescribed by Govt. and at the cost of the licensee. An aerial which crosses above or is liable to fall upon or to be blown on to an overhead power wire (including electric lighting and tramway wires) or power apparatus shall be guarded to the reasonable satisfaction of the owner of the power wire or power apparatus concerned.

XIII. Control in Emergency.—(a) If and whenever in the opinion of the Central Government a situation shall have arisen in which it is expedient for the public service that the Central Government shall have control over the sending of messages by means of the station, it shall be lawful for them to direct and cause the station to be taken possession of and to direct any duly authorized person to work the apparatus in any manner thought fit and to prevent the Licensee from using it and for these purposes or any of them to cause any part of or all the apparatus forming the station to be removed to such place as they may think fit and any person authorized by them, may from time to time enter the premises at which the station is maintained for any such purpose as aforesaid.

(b) The Licensee shall not be entitled to any compensation in respect of the exercise by the Central Government of the powers conferred by this condition, which shall remain in force notwithstanding the withdrawal or modification of the license.

XIV. (a) The Licensee shall not assign, under-let or otherwise dispose of or admit any person to participate in the benefits of this license.

(b) The Licensee shall indemnify the Central Government against all actions, claims and demands which may be brought or made by any person, body corporate or company in respect of any injury arising from any act licensed or permitted by this license.

(c) The Central Government may by notice in writing but without assigning any reason revoke and determine these presents or modify them at any time, either by specific notice in writing sent to the Licensee by registered letter post at the address given in the License, or by means of a general notice in the official gazette addressed to any or all holders of licenses for Amateur Wireless Stations.

(d) In the event of revocation or cancellation, no part of any fee paid in respect of the current year will be returned.

XV. The decision of the Central Government in any matter relating to the license shall be final.

APPENDIX I

The examination for the Amateur Station Operator's Certificate (Grade I) shall comprise in:—

- (i) ability to send and receive correctly by ear messages in plain language in the international morse code at 12 words per minute;
- (ii) Knowledge of radio theory and practice; and
- (iii) Knowledge of regulations applicable to radio communication and operation of amateur stations. Knowledge of prevention of interference (articles 42 and 43 of the Atlantic City Radio Regulations and paras 1—17 of Section XXVI of Indian Wireless Instructions Vol. II).

For the purpose of assessing the receiving ability of the applicant, the test examination will be made for five minutes at the prescribed speed and if the applicant receives the material transmitted correctly for a continuous period of one minute during the transmission, he shall be considered to be successful in the test.

For tests as under item (ii) and (iii) above, a candidate may have to appear for written and/or oral examination.

A fee of Rupees ten shall be charged for the purpose of this examination.

A certificate shall be awarded to the successful candidate in the proforma shown in Appendix III.

APPENDIX II

The examination for the Amateur Station Operator's Certificate (Grade II) shall comprise in:—

- (i) ability to send and receive correctly by ear messages in plain language in the international morse code at five words per minute;
- (ii) elementary knowledge of radio theory and practice; and
- (iii) elementary knowledge of regulations applicable to radio communication and operation of amateur stations.

For the purpose of assessing the receiving ability of the applicant, the test examination will be made for five minutes at the prescribed speed and if the applicant receives the material transmitted correctly for a continuous period of one minute during the transmission, he shall be considered to be successful in the test.

For tests as under item (ii) and (iii) above, a candidate may have to appear for written and/or oral examination.

A fee of Rupees five shall be charged for the purpose of this examination.

A certificate shall be awarded to the successful candidate in the proforma shown in Appendix III.

Obverse

APPENDIX III

No. _____

SEAL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT & COMMUNICATIONS

(Deptts. of Commns. & Civil Aviation)

Amateur Station Operator's Certificate

*(Grade I)
(Grade II)

(Issued under the Indian Wireless Telegraphy Amateur Service Rules 1958).

This is to certify that Shri..... has been examined and has qualified in sending and receiving in International Morse Code on tone signals at *twelve/five words per minute in clear English and has a *general/elementary knowledge of operating procedure and the regulations regarding the prevention of harmful interference and *general/elementary knowledge of Radio Theory and Practice.

It is also certified that the holder has made a declaration that he will preserve the secrecy of correspondence.

New Delhi:

Date:

Signature:
Designation:

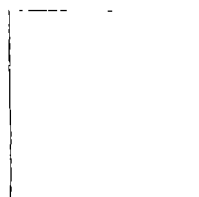
Wireless Planning & Coordination,
Ministry of Transport & Communications,
(Deptts. of Commns. & Civil Aviation).

*(to be struck off whenever unnecessary)

ENDORSEMENTS.

Reverse

Valid up to _____



Signature of holder

Date of birth

Place of birth

Declaration of Holder

Ageyears

Height Feet Inches

Colour of eyes

Colour of hair

Complexion

Any special peculiarities or marks

This Certificate does not constitute a licence to establish, maintain or work a radio station; for that purpose a licence must be obtained from the Ministry of Transport & Communications, New Delhi.

This Certificate may be endorsed, suspended or cancelled at the discretion of the Central Government, if the holder commits a breach of the Indian Wireless Telegraphy (Amateur Service) Rules, 1958, or any regulation lawfully applicable to him in respect of radio-communication or radio-telegraphy or radio-telephone apparatus.

This Certificate should be carefully preserved. In case of loss through gross carelessness, the Central Government may withhold the issue of duplicate copy thereof. In other cases, the Central Government may issue duplicate copies on payment of prescribed fees.

Any person other than the owner thereof becoming possessed of this Certificate is requested to send it to the Adviser, Wireless Planning & Co-ordination, Ministry of Transport and Communications, New Delhi.

[No. WL-1(73)/54.]

T. R. MANTON, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF WORK HOUSING AND SUPPLY

New Delhi, the 1st October 1958

G.S.R. 940.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 31 of the Petroleum Act, 1934 (30 of 1934), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Works, Production and Supply No. P. 104, dated the 4th May, 1950, namely:—

In the said notification—

for the words, figures and brackets “The Assam Municipal Act, 1923 (Assam Act I of 1923)”, the following shall be substituted, namely:

“The Assam Municipal Act, 1956 (Assam Act XV of 1957)”.

[No. S&P.II-3(13)/58.]

M. N. KALE, Under Secy.

(Central Boilers Board)

G.S.R. 941.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 28 of the Indian Boilers Act, 1923 (5 of 1923) the Central Boilers Board hereby makes the following further amendment in the Indian Boilers Regulations, 1950, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (i) of section 31 of the Act, namely:—

In the said Regulations, in the list of well-known Steel-Makers in Appendix 'G' the following shall be added at the end, namely:

"24. Messrs. Bethlehem Steel Company, Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, U.S.A."

[No. S&P.II/BL-21(6)/57]

M. N. KALE, Secy.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT

New Delhi, the 30th September 1958

G.S.R. 942.—The following draft of a further amendment to the Industrial Disputes (Central) Rules, 1957, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 38 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), is published as required by sub-section (1) of the said section for information of persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 30th October 1958.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft amendments

In the said rules—

(i) in rule 7, for the words "in triplicate to the Secretary the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour" the following shall be substituted, namely—

"to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour (in triplicate)".

(ii) for clause (b) of rule 8, the following shall be substituted, namely—

"(b) in the case of workmen, by any office bearer of a trade union of the workmen or by five representatives of the workmen duly authorised in this behalf at a meeting of the workmen held for the purpose.

Explanation.—In this rule "office bearer" means any of the following office bearers, namely—

(a) the President;

(b) the Vice-President;

(c) the Secretary (including the General Secretary);

(d) a Joint Secretary;

(e) an Assistant Secretary;

(f) a group Secretary;

(g) any other office bearer of the trade union authorised in this behalf by the President or General Secretary of the Union."

[No. L.R.I. 1(64)/52.]

A. P. VEERA RAGHAVAN, Under Secy.

PLANNING COMMISSION

(Programme Evaluation Organisation)

New Delhi, the 4th October 1958

G.S.R. 943.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules regulating the method of recruitment to the posts of Deputy Investigators, Computers, Tabulation Clerks and Clerks (non-included in C.S.C.S.) in the Programme Evaluation Organisation (Planning Commission) namely:—

1. These rules may be called the Programme Evaluation Organisation (Planning Commission) (Non-Secretariat Posts) Recruitment Rules, 1958.
2. Recruitment to Class III posts (Deputy Investigators, Computers, Tabulation Clerks and Clerks) in the Programme Evaluation Organisation (Planning Commission) shall be made in accordance with the provisions of the schedule annexed hereto.

Recruitment Rules for the Posts of Deputy Investigators, Computers and Tabulation Clerks

Name of posts	No. of posts	Classification	Scale of pay	Whether Selection post or non-selection posts	Age limit for direct recruits
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Post at Headquarters :</i>					
Deputy Investigators	17	Class III (Non-Gazetted) 'Non-Ministerial'	Rs. 80-5-120-EB-8-200-10/2-220	Non-selection post	Below 25 years "relaxable" in favour of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, displaced persons and other special categories in accordance with the general orders issued from time to time by the Govt. of India.
Computers	2	Do.	Rs. 60-4-120-EB-5-150.	..	Do.
*Tabulation Clerks	20	Do.	Rs. 60-3-81-11B-4-125-5-130.	..	Do.
<i>Posts in the Sub-ordinate Offices.</i>					
Clerks	41	Class III (Non-Gazetted) Ministerial	Do.	..	Do.

*These posts will be outside the C.S.C.S. Scheme.

in the Programme Evaluation Organisation (Planning Commission)

Educational and other qualifications required	Whether age and educational qualifications prescribed for direct recruits will apply in case of promotees	Period of probation if any	Method of rectt. whether by direct rectt. or by promotion or transfer & percentage of the vacancies to be filled by various methods.	In case of rectt. by promotion/transfer, grades from which promotion to be made	If a D. P. C. exists, what is its composition
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7	8	9	10	11	12
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(i) At least Second Class Bachelors degree with Economics, Agri. Economics, Economic Geography, Sociology, Anthropology, Social Psychology, Social Work or Politics.

Will not apply in the case of permanent quasi-permanent employees.

One year for direct recruits.

25% by promotion, 75% by direct recruitment through the Employment Exchange.

Computers, Tabulation Clerks and Clerks working in Units under this Organisation.

Class III D.P.C.

(ii) Good knowledge (ability to read, write and speak) of a Regional language.

Desirable :

(i) Experience in tabulation of datas.

At least Second Class Matriculate with proficiency in the use of calculating machines.

Not Applicable.

Do.

Direct recruitment through Employment Exchange.

Nil

Nil

At least Second Class Matriculate.

Do.

Do.

Do.

Do.

Do.

Desirable :

Bachelors' degree with Economics, Agri. Economics, Economic Geography, Sociology, Anthropology, Social Psychology, Social Work or Politics.

Do.

Do.

Do.

Do.

Do.

Do.

[No. PEO(A)/15(119)/57.]

G. C. JERATH, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

New Delhi, the 30th September 1958

G.S.R. 944.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules regulating the recruitment of persons to the post of Research Assistant (Senior) in the General Central Service, Class II in the Ministry of Education namely:

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Ministry of Education [Research Assistant (Senior)] Rules, 1958.

2. **Method of recruitment.**—Recruitment to the post of Research Assistant (Senior) in the General Central Service (Class II) in the Ministry of Education shall be made in accordance with the provisions contained in the Schedule hereto annexed.

SCHEDULE

Recruitment Rules for the Post of Research Assistant (Senior) in the Ministry of Education

Name of post	No. of posts.	Classification	Scale of pay	Whether selection post or non-selection post.	Age limit for direct recruits.	Educational and other qualifications required.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Research Assistant (Senior)	1	General Central Service, Class II (Non-gazetted) (Non-Ministerial).	Rs. 250-10-300-15-450-25/2-500.	Non selection.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Whether age and educational qualifications prescribed for the direct recruits will apply in the case of promotees.	Period of probation, if any.	Method of recruitment whether by direct recruitment or by promotion or transfer & percentage of the vacancies to be filled by various methods.	In case of recruitment by promotion/transfer, grades from which promotion to be made.	If a Departmental Promotion Committee exists, what is its composition.	Circumstances in which Union Public Service Commission is to be consulted in making recruitment.
8	9	10	11	12	13
Not applicable.	Not applicable.	By promotion.	(i) Technical/Statistical Assistants (Ordinary Grade) and (ii) Research Assistant (Junior).	Ad-hoc Class II Departmental Promotion Committee.	Not applicable.

[No. 14-88/57-A2.]

M. C. MINOCHA, Under Secy.

ERRATA

In the Ministry of Education, Notifications No. 14-23/58-A-2, dated 9th August, 1958 and No. 14-38/58-A-2, dated 20th August, 1958, published in the Gazette of India, Part II—Section 3(i), dated 23rd August, 1958 and 30th August, 1958 as G.S. Rs. 726 and 754 respectively, the following corrections are to be made:—

G. S. R. 726,

Page 676—last line—

for "Files 1959" read "Rules 1958".

Page 677, item 7 of the Schedule—

delete "?" after the word recruits, and for "T. S." after 'S. C.' and before 'displaced' read "S. T.",

G. S. R. 754,

Page 689, Sub-para (3), third line from bottom—

for "qualification" read "qualifications".

Page 691, Column 7, Note—at the bottom of the column—

Insert "psychology with degree or diploma in education of a recognised" after the word 'or' and before the word 'University'.

MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING

New Delhi, the 7th October 1958

G.S.R. 945.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Cinematograph Act, 1952 (37 of 1952), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:—

THE CINEMATOGRAPH (CENSORSHIP) RULES, 1958

1. Short title and commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Cinematograph (Censorship) Rules, 1958.

(2) They shall come into force on the 14th day of October, 1958.

2. Definitions.—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- (i) 'Act' means the Cinematograph Act, 1952 (37 of 1952);
- (ii) 'Advisory Panel' means the Advisory Panel of the Board constituted under rule 8;
- (iii) 'Applicant' means a person applying for a film to be certified for public exhibition;
- (iv) 'Assistant Regional Officer' means an Assistant Regional Officer appointed under rule 10 and includes the Secretary to the Chairman;
- (v) 'Board' means the Board of Film Censors constituted under section 3 of the Act;
- (vi) 'Bombay film' means any film other than a Calcutta or Madras film;
- (vii) 'Calcutta film' means a film imported from abroad into, or produced in, the States of West Bengal, Bihar, Orissa or Assam or the Union territory of Manipur or Tripura or the Andaman and Nicobar Islands;
- (viii) 'Chairman' means the Chairman of the Board;
- (ix) 'Madras film' means a film imported from abroad into, or produced in, the States of Madras, Andhra Pradesh, Mysore or Kerala or the State of Pondicherry or the Union territory of Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindiv Islands;
- (x) 'Regional Officer' means the Regional Officer appointed under rule 10, and includes an Additional Regional Officer appointed under that rule;
- (xi) 'Schedule' means the Schedule to these rules.

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3. Constitution of the Board.—The Board of Film Censors constituted under section 3 of the Act shall be known as the Central Board of Film Censors, and shall consist of a Chairman and six other members to be appointed by the Central Government.

4. Terms of Office.—(1) A member of the Board shall hold office during the pleasure of the Central Government.

(2) Subject to the provisions of sub-rule (1), every such member shall hold office for a term of three years:

Provided that any person holding office as a member of the Board immediately before the commencement of these rules shall hold such office only for the remainder of the term for which he was appointed.

(3) A retiring member or a member whose term of office has expired by efflux of time shall be eligible for re-appointment.

5. Casual vacancy.—A casual vacancy caused in the Board by resignation, death or removal of a member, or otherwise, shall be filled by the appointment of another member who shall hold office for the remainder of the term of the member in whose place he is appointed.

6. Headquarters.—Unless otherwise directed by the Central Government, the headquarters of the Board shall be at Bombay.

7. Temporary absence of Chairman.—Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules, during the absence of the Chairman from the city of Bombay or whenever the Chairman is temporarily unable to exercise his powers or perform his duties under these rules owing to illness or any other cause the Central Government may appoint another person to be the Chairman:

Provided that where no such appointment is made, the Regional Officer at Bombay, shall, in addition to his other duties, exercise the powers and perform the duties of the Chairman, and shall have the right to participate in meetings of the Board, but shall not be entitled to preside at any such meetings.

8. Constitution of Advisory Panels.—(1) The Central Government shall constitute an Advisory Panel at each of the towns of Bombay, Calcutta and Madras and at such other places as the Central Government may consider necessary.

(2) An Advisory Panel constituted under sub-rule (1) shall consist of such number of members as the Central Government may, after consultation with the Board, determine.

(3) The Central Government may, after consultation with the Board, appoint any person whom it thinks fit to be a member of an Advisory Panel:

Provided that the Central Government may dispense with such consultation in respect of such number of members not exceeding one-third of the total number of the members of the Advisory Panel, as that Government thinks fit.

9. Term of Office of Members of Advisory Panels.—(1) A member of an Advisory Panel shall hold office during the pleasure of the Central Government.

(2) Subject to the provisions of sub-rule (1), every such member shall hold office for a term of two years:

Provided that any person holding office as a member immediately before the commencement of these rules shall hold such office only for the remainder of the term for which he was appointed.

(3) A retiring member or a member whose term of office has expired by efflux of time shall be eligible for re-appointment.

(4) A casual vacancy in an Advisory Panel caused by the resignation, death or removal of any member or otherwise shall be filled by fresh appointment, and the person so appointed shall hold office only for the remainder of the term for which the member whose place he takes was appointed.

(5) The Central Government may remove from office any member of an Advisory Panel before the expiration of his term of office:

Provided that a member appointed to an Advisory Panel after consultation with the Board shall not be so removed except on the recommendation of, or after consultation with, the Board.

10. Regional and Assistant Regional Officers etc.—(1) For the purpose of enabling the Board to perform its functions under the Act, the Central Government may appoint Regional Officers, Additional Regional Officers, Assistant Regional Officers and such other officers, at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and at any other place as the Central Government may consider necessary:

Provided that the Central Government may delegate to the Chairman subject to such conditions and limitations if any, as may be specified by it, the power of appointment conferred on it under this sub-rule, other than the power of appointment in relation to the posts of Regional Officers, Additional Regional Officers and Assistant Regional Officers;

Provided further that the Chairman may grant leave to, or suspend, or remove from service, any officer appointed by him under the powers delegated to him under this sub-rule.

(2) The Regional Officers, Assistant Regional Officers and other officers appointed under sub-rule (1) shall perform such duties as may be assigned to them by these rules or by the Board.

11. Duties of the Board.—The Board shall, in addition to other duties prescribed under these rules:—

(1) submit an annual report to the Central Government reviewing the work done by the Board during the preceding financial year;

(2) prescribe the manner in which the registers, records and accounts of the Board shall be kept,

(3) review the work of Regional Officers and members of the Advisory Panels;

(4) issue directives to Regional Officers and members of the Advisory Panels regarding the principles to be observed in determining whether a film is or is not suitable for public exhibition or is suitable for unrestricted public exhibition or for public exhibition restricted to adults.

12. Assessment of public reactions to films.—With a view to determining the principles to be observed in certifying films, the Board may take such steps as it thinks fit to assess public reactions to films.

13. Remuneration of Chairman, and allowances payable to members of the Board and the Advisory Panels.—(1) The Chairman shall receive such salary and allowances and shall be subject to such other conditions of service as are specified in the terms of his appointment.

(2) Every member of the Board other than the Chairman and every non-official member of an Advisory Panel shall be paid such travelling allowances as the Central Government may, from time to time, determine.

14. Meetings of the Board.—(1) The Board shall ordinarily meet once a quarter for the transaction of business, but the Chairman may at any time call as the Central Government may, from time to time, determine.

(2) Meetings of the Board shall be held at such places as the Chairman in his discretion may fix for the purpose.

15. Co-opted Members.—The Chairman may co-opt any one or more of the Regional Officers as a member or as members of the Board for the purpose of attending a particular meeting of the Board, and such officer or officers shall then be entitled to participate in the deliberations of the Board at that meeting but shall not be entitled to vote.

16. Notice of meeting.—(1) At least seven clear days' notice of all meetings of the Board shall be given to each member, but an urgent meeting may be called by the Chairman at three clear days' notice.

(2) The notice shall state the business to be transacted at the meeting and no business other than that stated shall be transacted at such meeting except with the consent of the Chairman or on his motion.

17. Business ordinarily to be transacted at meetings.—The business of the Board shall ordinarily be transacted at a meeting duly called in accordance with the provisions of these rules:

Provided that the Chairman may, if he thinks fit, circulate any urgent matter among the members for their opinion.

18. Quorum.—At every meeting of the Board three members if the Chairman be present, and five members if he be absent, shall form a quorum.

19. President of the meeting.—Meetings of the Board shall be presided over by the Chairman or, in his absence by a member elected by the members present from among themselves.

20. Question to be decided by majority of votes.—Every question before the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes and in the case of equality of votes, the Chairman or the member elected to preside under rule 19, as the case may be, shall have a second or casting vote.

21. Board etc. may function notwithstanding vacancies.—The Board or any Advisory Panel may exercise its functions notwithstanding any vacancy therein, and no act or proceeding of the Board or the Advisory Panel shall be called in question on the ground merely of the existence of any vacancy in the Board or the Advisory Panel, as the case may be.

22. Application for examination of films.—(1) Every application to certify a film for public exhibition shall be made in writing in Form I or Form II set out in the Schedule according as the film is produced in, or imported into India.

(2) The application shall be addressed to the Board and delivered to the Regional Officer concerned according as the film is a Bombay film, Calcutta film or Madras film:

Provided that where films are imported into India, the Chairman may direct or permit applications in respect of them to be delivered to a Regional Officer other than the Regional Officer to whom such applications would have been delivered but for this proviso:

Provided further that the Chairman may in the following circumstances direct or permit applications in respect of any films or class of films to be delivered to a Regional Officer other than the Regional Officer to whom such applications would have been delivered but for this proviso, namely:

- (i) where a Bombay film is produced in any State other than the State of Bombay, or
- (ii) where the Chairman is satisfied that immediate action for examination of a film is necessary, or
- (iii) where, examination of a film with the assistance of persons well acquainted with the language of the film is not possible at the place where, but for the provisions of this proviso, it would have been delivered for examination.

(3) Every such application shall be accompanied by—

- (a) the fee prescribed under rule 37;
- (b) eight typed or printed copies of the synopsis of the film and of the full text of the songs, if any:

Provided that where the film is in a language other than English or an Indian language, the applicant shall furnish eight typed or printed copies of the translation in English or Hindi of the synopsis and of the full text of the songs, if any:

Provided further that in the case of a film referred to in the preceding proviso, the Regional Officer may direct the applicant to furnish also eight typed or printed copies of the translation in English or Hindi of the full text of the dialogues, speeches or commentary;

- (c) the original certificate or a duplicate certificate or, where the original certificate did not bear a triangle mark, a photostate copy of the certificate if the application is made for the examination of the film as provided for in rule 28.

(4) If in the case of a newsreel, documentary or other short film the Regional Officer is satisfied that the applicant is not able to furnish the documents specified in clause (b) of sub-rule (3), along with the application for reasons beyond his control, the Regional Officer may direct that such documents may be furnished within such period after the examination of the film as he may specify, or that the submission of such documents may be dispensed with.

(5) No such application shall be accompanied by any documents other than those mentioned in clauses (b) and (c) of sub-rule (3).

23. Examining Committee.—(1) On receipt of an application under rule 22 the Regional Officer shall appoint an Examining Committee to examine the film. The examination shall be made at such place and at such time as the Regional Officer may determine and at the expense of the applicant.

(2) The Examining Committee shall consist of—

- (a) in the case of a newsreel, documentary short, or a cartoon or in the case of a film predominantly educational, a member of the Advisory Panel and the Regional Officer or Assistant Regional Officer; and
- (b) in the case of any other film, four members of the Advisory Panel and the Regional Officer or the Assistant Regional Officer;

Provided that if the Regional Officer or Assistant Regional Officer is unavoidably absent at the examination of a film, the Examining Committee shall consist of two members of the Advisory Panel in a case falling under clause (a) and five members of the Advisory Panel in a case falling under clause (b).

(3) Immediately after the examination of the film, the opinion of the members of the Examining Committee attending the examination shall be recorded in duplicate by the Regional Officer or Assistant Regional Officer, or in the absence of both, by a member of the Committee appointed by the Regional Officer for this purpose stating, with regard to each member, whether he considers:

- (a) that the film is or is not suitable for unrestricted public exhibition; or
- (b) that the film is or is not suitable for public exhibition restricted to adults; or
- (c) that the film will be suitable for unrestricted public exhibition, or public exhibition restricted to adults, as the case may be, if a specified portion or specified portions be deleted therefrom.

(4) One copy of the record prepared under sub-rule (3) shall be sent by the Regional Officer to the Chairman forthwith.

24. Certification.—On receipt of the record referred to in rule 23, the Chairman shall, unless he proceeds under sub-rule (1) of rule 25, direct the Regional Officer concerned to certify the film on behalf of the Board as being suitable for unrestricted public exhibition or for public exhibition restricted to adults as the case may be:

Provided that the Chairman may, with the previous approval of the Central Government, authorise any Regional Officer to certify without any such direction any class or kind of film after the Examining Committees have examined and recommended such certification:

Provided further that before certifying any film for public exhibition restricted to adults, the Chairman or as the case may be, the Regional Officer, shall give the applicant a reasonable opportunity of representing his case.

25. Revising Committee.—(1) On receipt of the record referred to in rule 23, the Chairman may, of his own motion or on the request of the applicant, refer it to a Revising Committee constituted by him for the purpose.

(2) The Revising Committee shall ordinarily consist of the Chairman and, subject to sub-rule (5), all the resident members of the Advisory Panel of the place where the application under rule 22 was received:

Provided that, subject to the quorum specified in sub-rule (10), the proceedings of the Committee shall not be questioned on the ground merely of the absence of any member or members of the Advisory Panel:

Provided further that the Chairman may, at his discretion, constitute, for the examination of any specified film, a Special Revising Committee consisting of the Chairman and such number of members of the Advisory Panel of the place where the application under rule 22 was received or of any other place as may be specified by him.

(3) The Chairman, if present, shall preside at every meeting of the Revising Committee (including the Special Revising Committee). If he is unable to attend, a member of the Advisory Panel nominated by the Chairman for the purpose shall preside.

(4) The Regional Officer may be invited to attend any meeting of a Revising Committee (including a Special Revising Committee) and participate in proceedings thereof but he shall have no right to vote thereat.

(5) No member of the Advisory Panel who has been a member of the Examining Committee for any film shall be a member of the Revising Committee or Special Revising Committee in respect of the same film.

(6) The Revising Committee or Special Revising Committee shall examine the film at such time and at such place as the Chairman may determine and, if the examination be at the request of the applicant, at the latter's expense.

(7) For the purpose of examination of the film by a Revising Committee or Special Revising Committee under sub-rule (6), the applicant may be required to furnish twenty-five typed or printed copies of the synopsis of the film and of the full text of the songs, if any:

Provided that in the case of film in a language other than English or an Indian language, the applicant shall furnish twenty-five typed or printed copies of the translation in English or Hindi of the synopsis and of the full text of songs, if any:

Provided further that in the case of a film referred to in the preceding proviso, the Chairman may direct the applicant to furnish also twenty-five typed or printed copies of the translation in English or Hindi of the full text of the dialogues, speeches or commentary;

Provided also that where the Chairman is satisfied that the applicant is not able to furnish the documents specified in this sub-rule for reasons beyond his control, the Chairman may direct that the submission of such documents may be dispensed with.

(8) Immediately after the examination of the film by the Revising Committee or the Special Revising Committee as the case may be, the opinion of the members attending the examination shall be recorded in duplicate stating with regard to each member of the particulars specified in sub-rule (3) of rule 23.

(9) One copy of the record prepared under sub-rule (8) shall be sent to the Chairman forthwith.

(10) The quorum of a Revising Committee shall be half the membership of the Advisory Panel excluding the non-resident members and the members who sat on the Examining Committee in respect of the same film.

(11) The quorum for a Special Revising Committee shall be five.

(12) The decision of a Revising Committee and a Special Revising Committee shall be that of the majority of the members attending the examination of the film and, in the event of an equality of votes, the presiding officer shall have a second or casting vote.

(13) On receipt of the record under sub-rule (9), the Chairman shall issue or authorise the Regional Officer to issue a certificate in conformity with the decision of the Revising Committee or the Special Revising Committee.

26. Issue of certificate subject to removal of portions of film.—(1) Where the applicant is informed by a Regional Officer or the Chairman that a film will not be certified for unrestricted public exhibition or for public exhibition restricted to adults, as the case may be, unless a specified portion or portions thereof be removed from the film the Regional Officer may, with the approval of the Chairman, issue a certificate certifying the film for unrestricted public exhibition or for public exhibition restricted to adults, as the case may be, if he is satisfied on a declaration made in writing by the applicant that the portion or portions objected to have been deleted from the film and from all copies thereof in the applicant's possession and surrendered to him. The portion or portions of the film and of all copies thereof so surrendered shall be preserved for a period of three months and thereafter destroyed:

Provided that single excisions exceeding seventy-five feet in length shall be preserved for a period of six months before they are destroyed.

Explanation.—For the purpose of satisfying himself that the portion or portions objected to have been deleted, the Regional Officer or the Chairman may, at the expense of the applicant, himself examine the film, or cause it to be

examined by one or more members of the Advisory Panel at such time and place as he may determine.

(2) A certificate issued under sub-rule (1) shall be endorsed with a specification of the portion or portions required to be removed and a statement of the exact length of each part or parts removed, and shall bear a clearly visible triangle drawn at the left hand bottom corner of the certificate.

(3) Where any film has been granted a certificate under this rule subject to the condition that a specified portion or portions thereof be removed from the film, any person who imports or otherwise acquires a copy of the film after the date of certificate aforesaid, shall surrender to the Board such portion or portions in any such copy.

27. Deposit of a copy of certified film.—After the Regional Officer or the Chairman, as the case may be, has affixed his signature to the certificate granted under rule 24, 25 or 26 and prior to the delivery or despatch of the certificate to the applicant, a copy of the film as certified by the Board in 35 millimetre or 16 millimetre or a shooting script thereof shall be deposited with the Board by the applicant at his own expense for the purpose of record:

Provided that where the Chairman or Regional Officer is of opinion that the applicant for reasons beyond his control is unable to deposit such copy or script prior to the delivery or despatch of the certificate, the Chairman or the Regional Officer may deliver the certificate on the applicant's giving an undertaking that he shall deposit the said copy or script within such time not exceeding sixty days as may be specified by the Chairman or Regional Officer.

28. Validity of certificate.—(1) A certificate in respect of a film which is in force on the 1st day of March, 1958, or which is issued on or after that date shall remain valid for a period of ten years from the date of its issue.

Provided that any certificate issued under the Cinematograph (Censorship) Rules, 1951, shall be valid for a period of ten years from the date on which it was so issued.

(2) A fresh certificate may be issued on an application made under rule 22 for the examination of the film under rule 23, but the Regional Officer may, with the prior approval of the Chairman, dispense with such examination.

29. Certificate liable to cancellation by the Board.—A certificate granted by the Board under these rules shall be granted subject to the condition that it shall be liable to cancellation in the event of the film in respect of which the certificate was granted being exhibited in a form other than the one in which it was certified.

30. Seizure of the copy of a certified film.—(1) When a film certified under these rules is exhibited in a form other than the one in which it was certified by the Board, it may be seized on the spot in pursuance of an order passed by the District Magistrate or any magistrate of the first class or sub-Divisional Magistrate empowered in this behalf by the District Magistrate.

(2) The copy of the film seized under sub-rule (1) may be cited in evidence against the exhibitor of the film in the proceedings against him for contravention of the provisions of Part II of the Act.

31. Information and documents to be given to distributors with respect to certified films as required under section 6A of the Act.—(1) Any person who delivers any certified film to any distributor or exhibitor shall notify in writing to the distributor or exhibitor, as the case may be, all the particulars respecting the film mentioned in section 6A of the Act, together with such other particulars as may be specified on the obverse and the reverse of the certificate granted by the Board in respect of that film.

Explanation—Delivery of a duplicate copy of the certificate or copy thereof duly attested to be a true copy a magistrate shall be deemed to be sufficient compliance with the provision of this rule.

(2) The provision of sub-rule (1) shall apply in relation to an amendment of a certificate in respect of a film, as it applies in relation to the certificate itself.

32. Uncertification of a film under section 6.—Where in exercise of the power conferred by section 6 of the Act, the Central Government by notification, direct that a certified film shall be deemed to be an uncertified film in the whole or

India, the applicant and any other person or person to whom the rights in the film have passed, shall surrender the certificate and all copies of the duplicate certificate granted in respect of the film, to the Board within one month from the date of the notification:

Provided that the Chairman may, at the written request of the applicant or any other person concerned, extend the said period.

33. Re-examination of certified films.—(1) In the case of a film which has been certified for public exhibition, if a representation is received from any member of the Board or any of its Advisory Panels, the representation shall be considered by the Board as soon as convenient. Any representation received from a member of the public or from any association or group of individuals shall be examined by the Chairman and, if he considers it desirable, shall be laid before the Board for consideration.

(2) Where the Board considers that the film should be re-examined or where the Central Government directs the Board to arrange for the re-examination of a certified film, the Chairman shall appoint a Reviewing Committee to re-examine the film, consisting of the Chairman and two members of the Board nominated by the Chairman:

Provided that where two members of the Board are not readily available to serve on the Committee, the Chairman may, in place of one such member, nominate a member of an Advisory Panel to the Committee.

(3) The place, date and time of such re-examination shall be determined by the Chairman.

(4) The Chairman shall forward the opinion of the Committee to the Central Government who may pass such orders thereon as it deems fit.

(5) The original applicant for the examination of the film or the person to whom the rights of ownership or distribution in the film have passed shall, on receiving written notice from or on publication of the notice in the Official Gazette, by the Chairman or the Central Government, as the case may be, arrange to deliver a copy of the certified film to the Regional Officer concerned within such time as may be specified in such notice for examination by the Reviewing Committee under sub-rule (2) or by the Central Government to enable it to arrive at a decision under sub-rule (4) or sections 5 and 6 of the Act.

(6) No order under sub-rule (4) or under section 5 or section 6 of the Act shall be made to the prejudice of the applicant unless he has had an opportunity of representing his case.

34. Alteration of film after issue of certificate.—(1) When a film is altered by excision, addition, colouring or otherwise, after it has been certified under these rules, it shall not be exhibited unless the portion or portions excised, added coloured or otherwise altered, have been reported to the Board in Form III in the Schedule and the Board have endorsed particulars of the alteration or alterations on the certificate.

Explanation I.—Reasonable wear and tear in the normal course of handling or projecting a film shall not be deemed to be an alternation of the film within the meaning of this sub-rule.

Explanation II.—Any addition, deletion, alteration or replacement of background music in a film or a mere change in gauge shall not be deemed to be an alternation of the film within the meaning of this sub-rule unless the Chairman by general or special order otherwise directs.

(2) On receipt of the report referred to in sub-rule (1), the Regional Officer shall appoint an Examining Committee to examine, at the expense of the applicant, the reel or reels in which the portion or portions altered occur:

Provided that the Examining Committee may, in its discretion, re-examine the entire film.

Provided further that where a film is altered by excision only, it shall not ordinarily be necessary to appoint an Examining Committee unless the Regional Officer in any case otherwise directs.

(3) The Examining Committee, appointed under sub-rule (2), shall consist of one member of the Advisory Panel and the Regional Officer or Assistant Regional Officer:

Provided that where both the Regional Officer and the Assistant Regional Officer are unavoidably absent at the examination of the film or any reel thereof, the Examining Committee shall consist of two members of the Advisory Panel.

35. Amendment of a certificate granted by the Board after notification under section 6.—When a notification is published under the powers conferred by section 6 of the Act, declaring that a film in respect of which a 'U' certificate has been granted shall be deemed to be film in respect of which an 'A' certificate has been granted, the person to whom the certificate has been granted or the person to whom the rights in the film have passed as the case may be, shall produce the certificate to the Board for amendment within a fortnight of the said publication.

36. Certificates.—(1) A certificate authorising the public exhibition of a film shall be in one of the Forms IV or V set out in the Schedule according as the authorisation is for unrestricted public exhibition or for public exhibition restricted to adults.

(2) The certificate shall be signed for and on behalf of the Board by the Chairman or by a Regional Officer for the Chairman.

(3) The prescribed mark of the Board shall be a film copy of the certificate, i.e., a trailer certificate, not less than 15 ft. or 6 ft. long, according as the film is in 35 mm or 16 mm, which shall be affixed to the film and always exhibited with it.

(4) A certificate of a film predominantly educational shall be in Form VI.

37. Fees.—(1) A fee shall be charged for the examination of every film at the rates laid down in the following table:—

TABLE OF FEES

Size of film	Length of film	Scale of fees
35 millimetre.	(a) 2,000 feet or below	Rs. 5 per feet or a fraction thereof.
	(b) Exceeding 2,000 feet.	Rs. 40 per 1,000 feet or a fraction thereof.
16 millimetre.	(a) 800 feet or below.	Rs. 5 per 400 feet or a fraction thereof.
	(b) Exceeding 800 feet.	Rs. 40 per 400 feet or a fraction thereof.

Provided that where an applicant applies for a film being certified as predominantly educational under sub-rule (4) of rule 36, the fee for its examination shall be charged at the rate of rupees five per 1,000 feet or 400 feet according as the film is in 35 mm or 16 mm, or a fraction thereof, irrespective of the total length of the film:

Provided further that if a film exceeding 2,000 feet or 800 feet according as the film is in 35 mm or 16 mm in respect of which examination fee has been paid at the rate specified in the first proviso, is, after examination, considered by the Board not to be suitable for being certified as predominantly educational, the applicant shall forthwith pay the balance of the examination fee that would have been payable in respect of the film but for the first proviso:

Provided further that where an applicant fails to pay the balance of examination fee under the second proviso, he shall not be granted a certificate, in respect of that film under rule 24, rule 25 or rule 26, as the case may be.

(2) Fees charged for the examination of a film for a fresh certificate referred to in sub-rule (2) of rule 28 shall be half of the rates laid down in sub-rule (1):

Provided that where the fresh certificate is granted without examination of the film under sub-rule (2) of rule 28, the fees charged shall be one-tenth of the fees charged for the examination of a film under this sub-rule.

(3) A fee of rupee one shall be charged for a duplicate or a subsequent copy of the certificate.

(4) The Central Government may require the applicant preferring an appeal under sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Act, to bear the cost of the transport and examination of the film in respect of which the appeal has been preferred.

(5) The Board may remit in whole or in part the fee for examination of a film in the event of the application for a certificate being withdrawn before the film is examined.

Explanation I.—When the entire film is re-examined under rule 34, the examination fee chargeable shall be calculated with reference only to the reel or reels in which portion or portions excised, added, coloured or otherwise altered occur.

Explanation II.—No fee shall be chargeable for any endorsement made by the Board on a certificate in respect of the alteration of a film under rule 34 in cases in which the necessity for appointment of an Examining Committee is dispensed with under the second proviso to sub-rule (2) of the said rule.

38. Power of entry.—The Chairman, or any member of the Board or an Advisory Panel or a Regional or an Assistant Regional Officer or any other officer or member of the staff of the Board authorised in writing by the Chairman in this behalf may enter any place licensed under the law in force relating to cinemas, in the discharge of his duties under the Act, or these rules.

39. Advertisement of films.—Any person advertising a film certified for public exhibition restricted to adults or the exhibition of such film by means of insertions in newspapers, hoardings, posters, or hand bills shall, after the date of its certification, indicate in such insertions in newspapers, hoardings, posters or handbills that the film has been certified for public exhibition restricted to adults only.

40. Maintenance of Register.—(1) The Board shall maintain a register in which shall be entered—

- (a) the name of every film examined under the Act;
- (b) the name of the person applying for a certificate;
- (c) the name of the person or company producing or releasing the film;
- (d) the name of the country in which the film was originally produced;
- (e) the name of the place where the film was examined;
- (f) the date of the examination;
- (g) the names of the persons who examined the film;
- (h) the result of the examination and of any further proceedings thereon;
- (i) the number and date of the certificate issued, if any, together with a copy of any endorsement made thereon.

(2) For the purpose of enabling the Board to maintain such a register, the Regional Officers at Bombay, Calcutta and Madras shall each maintain similar registers in respect of applications for certification made to them and send to the Board a duplicate copy of every entry made in it, as soon as may be, after it has been made.

(3) A copy of the entries in the register maintained by the Board made during any month shall be sent to the Regional Officers at Bombay, Calcutta and Madras during the next following month.

41. Certain films to continue to remain uncertified films.—If a film has been declared by a notification issued before the 15th January, 1951, by any State Government to be an uncertified film in any part or parts of the State concerned and if the said notification has not ceased to be in force by virtue of the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 35 of the Cinematograph (Censorship) Rules, 1951, the film shall not be publicly exhibited unless it is certified for public exhibition in accordance with the provisions of these rules:

Provided that before certifying any such film for public exhibition the Board shall obtain the prior approval of the Central Government.

42. Repeal.—The Cinematograph (Censorship) Rules, 1951, are hereby repealed.

SCHEDULE

FORM I

Form of application for certification for public exhibition of a film *produced in India*.

[See sub-rule (1) of rule 22]

No. _____ and date _____ of application (to be entered by Board's office).

To _____

The Central Board of Film Censors through the Regional Officer at Bombay/Calcutta/Madras*.

Application for certification for public exhibition of a film produced in India at.....

- (1) (a) Name of the film.
- (b) Language of the film.
- (c) Length of the film in feet.
- (d) Number of reels.
- (e) Gauge of the film.
- (f) Type of the film, i.e., whether it is 2-D, 3-D, Cinemascope, Vistavision etc.
- (g) Whether the film is silent or a talkie.
- (h) Colour of the film.
- (i) Name and address of the producer.

(2) State whether the film is a *Newsreel/Documentary/Scientific/Educational/Feature film.

(3) State separately the number of *negative* and *positive* prints of the film.

(a) Produced—(Negative Positive).

(b) In the applicant's possession (Negative Positive).

(4) In what other language/languages, if any, has this film been produced or dubbed? Where the title is not the same in each language, state the title of each version of the film.

5. Has any previous application been made to certify this film as suitable for public exhibition in India?

If so,

- (a) Where and to whom was it made?
- (b) What was the result of the application?

* (i) *A "U"/An "A" certificate No. dated..... was granted
*subject to the following cuts.....

(ii) Certificate was refused.

6. Has the exhibition of this film been at any time suspended or the film declared uncertified by the Central or any State Government? State particulars.

*Score out the word or words which are not applicable.

7. Does the film contain any dialogue, song, poem, speech or commentary in any language other than English or an Indian language?

If so, specify the reel or reels in which the dialogue, song, poem, speech or commentary occurs, and the language or languages used.

8. Amount of fee accompanying the application on account of the fee prescribed in rule 37.

9. Name, address and telephone number, if any, of the applicant.

10. I declare that the statements above recorded are true in every particular.

Date

Signature of applicant.

FORM II

Form of application for certification for public exhibition of a film imported into India.

[See Sub-rule (1) of rule 22]

No. and date of application (to be entered by Board's office).
To

The Central Board of Film Censors, through the Regional Officer at Bombay/Calcutta/Madras.*

Application for certification for public exhibition of a film first imported into India at.....

(1) (a) Name of the film.

(b) Language of the film.

(c) Length of the film in feet.

(d) Number of reels.

(e) Gauge of the film.

(f) Type of film i.e., whether it is 2-D, 3-D Cinemascope, Vistavision etc.

(g) Whether the film is silent or a talkie.

(h) Colour of the film.

(i) Name of the producer.

(j) Country in which produced.

(2) State whether the film is a *Newsreel/Documentary/Scientific/Educational/Feature film.

(3) State separately, the number of *negative* and *positive* prints of the film:

(a) imported by the applicant (Negative Positive....).

(b) in the applicant's possession (Negative Positive

(4) In what Indian language/languages, if any, has this film been produced/dubbed?.....

Where the title is not the same in each language, state the title of each version in which it has been produced or dubbed.

5. Has any previous application been made to certify this film (under its present or any other title) in

(a) India

(b) United States of America;

(c) United Kingdom;

(d) any other country;

If so,

(1) where and to whom was it made?

(ii) what was the result of the application i.e.

"(i) *A "U"/An "A" certificate No.....
dated was granted *subject to the following cuts—
.....

(li) Certificate was refused

In the case of film made in the United States of America, state the rating of this film according to (a) the National Groups and (b) the League of Decency.

(a)..... (b).....

6. Has exhibition of this film been, at any time, suspended or the film declared uncertified by the Central or any State Government?

State particulars:

7. Does the film contain any dialogue, song, poem, speech or commentary in any language other than English or any Indian language?

If so, specify the reel or reels in which the dialogue, song, poem, speech or commentary occurs and the language or languages used.

8. Amount of fee accompanying the application on account of the fee prescribed in rule 37.

9. Name, address and telephone number, if any, of the applicant.

10. (a) Name, address and telephone number, if any, of the importer of the film.....

(b) Number and date of the import licence

(c) Date of clearance through the customs

11. I declare that the film is predominantly an educational film and request that a certificate be issued to that effect to enable the applicant to obtain exemption from customs duty.

12. I declare that the statements above recorded are true in every particular.

Signature of applicant.

Date.

*Score out the word or words which are not applicable.

FORM III

(See rule 34)

(To be submitted in duplicate)

Report under rule 34 of the Cinematograph (Censorship) Rules, 1958 regarding an alteration or alterations in a certified film.

1. Name of the applicant:

2. Name of the film:

3. Certificate No.

dated

4. Particulars of alterations:

(Specify the exact alteration or alterations, length and the number of the reel or reels in which the alteration or alterations occurs or occur.)

To

The Chairman, Central Board of Film Censors, through the Regional Officer, at Bombay/Calcutta/Madras*.

I declare that the above particulars are true in every respect and are a full description of the alteration or alterations made in the film after its certification.

Signature of the applicant.

Date:

Address:

*Score out the word or words which are not applicable.

FORM IV

[See sub-rule (1) of rule 36]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA



CENTRAL BOARD OF FILM CENSORS

This is to CERTIFY that the film entitled
has been passed for UNRESTRICTED public exhibition within the territories of
India to which the Cinematograph Act, 1952 extends.

Applicant

Produced by

Languages of the Film

Gauge of the Film

*Length of the Film ft.

REELS.

No. of Certificate

Chairman,
Central Board of Film Censors.

Dated..... the.....195 .

*In the event of a copy of the film being prepared in a gauge other than that
mentioned in the certificate, the certified length shall be deemed to be the corres-
ponding length appropriate to that gauge.

FORM V

[See sub-rule (1) of rule 36]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA



CENTRAL BOARD OF FILM CENSORS

This is to CERTIFY that the film entitled.....
..... has been passed for public exhibition restricted
to ADULTS within the territories of India to which the Cinematograph Act, 1952
extends.

Applicant

Produced by

*Language of the Film

Gauge of the Film

*Length of the Film ft

REELS.

No. of certificate

Chairman,
Central Board of Film Censors.

Dated the.....195 .

*In the event of a copy of the film being prepared in a gauge other than that
mentioned in the certificate, the certified length shall be deemed to be the corres-
ponding length appropriate to that gauge.

FORM VI

Certificate of a film predominantly educational

[See sub-rule (4) of rule 36]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA



CENTRAL BOARD OF FILM CENSORS

Certificate No.....of 195

This is to certify that the parcel containing the following films was delivered to Shri..... Regional Officer/Assistant Regional Officer, Central Board of Film Censors at Bombay/Calcutta/Madras who examined the seals and identified the films according to the particulars verified at the time of the customs examination, and that the Board is satisfied that the films are of a predominantly educational nature and comply with the requirements for exemption from customs duty.

Name of film

Name of Producer

Length of Film

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Name of Importer

(Signature of Regional Officer/
Assistant Regional Officer.)

Date.

[No. 5/6/58-FC.]

D. R. KHANNA, Under Secy.